

**BOARD OF INTERMEDIATE EDUCATION (AP)**

**HALF YEARLY EXAMINATIONS - 2021**

**SENIOR INTER MATHEMATICS - IIB**

**MODEL PAPER - 2 (English Version)**

**Time: 3 Hours**

**Max.Marks: 75**

**SECTION - A**

**Note: i) Very short answer type questions.**

**10 × 2 = 20**

**ii) Answer All questions.**

**iii) Each question carries 2 marks.**

1. Find the equation of the circle passing through  $(-2, 3)$  and having centre at  $(0, 0)$ .
2. Find the length of the tangent from the point  $(-2, 5)$  to the circle  $x^2 + y^2 = 25$ .
3. Find the parametric equation of the circle  $(x - 3)^2 + (y - 4)^2 = 8^2$ .
4. Find  $k$ , if the circles  $x^2 + y^2 + 4x + 8 = 0$ ,  $x^2 + y^2 - 16y + k = 0$  cut each other orthogonally.
5. Find the equation the radical axis of the two circles  $2x^2 + 2y^2 + 3x + 6y - 5 = 0$  and  $3x^2 + 3y^2 - 7x + 8y - 11 = 0$ .
6. Evaluate  $\int \frac{1}{\cosh x + \sinh x} dx$  ( $x \in \mathbb{R}$ )
7. Evaluate  $\int \left( \frac{1}{1-x^2} + \frac{1}{1+x^2} \right) dx$ ,  $x \in (-1, 1)$
8. Evaluate  $\int e^x (\sin x + \cos x) dx$
9. Evaluate  $\int_2^3 \frac{2x}{1+x^2} dx$
10. Evaluate  $\int_0^{\pi/2} \frac{\sin^5 x}{\sin^5 x + \cos^5 x} dx$

**SECTION - B**

**Note: i) Short answer type questions.**

**5 × 4 = 20**

**ii) Answer any Five questions.**

**iii) Each question carries 4 marks.**

11. Show that the line  $x + y + 1 = 0$  touches the circle  $x^2 + y^2 - 3x + 7y + 14 = 0$  and find the point of contact.
12. Find the pole of  $x + y + 2 = 0$  with respect to the circle  $x^2 + y^2 - 4x + 6y - 12 = 0$ .
13. Find the area of the triangle formed by the normal at  $(3, -4)$  to the circle  $x^2 + y^2 - 22x - 4y + 25 = 0$  with the coordinate axes.

14. If  $x + y = 3$  is the equation of the chord AB of the circle  $x^2 + y^2 - 2x + 4y - 8 = 0$ , find the equation of the circle AB as diameter.
15. Find the equation and length of the common chord of the circles  $x^2 + y^2 + 2x + 2y + 1 = 0$ ,  $x^2 + y^2 + 4x + 3y + 2 = 0$ .
16. Find the equation of the circle which cuts the circles  $x^2 + y^2 - 4x - 6y + 11 = 0$ ,  $x^2 + y^2 - 10x - 4y + 21 = 0$  orthogonally and has the diameter along the line  $2x + 3y = 7$ .
17. Evaluate  $\int_0^4 (16 - x^2)^{5/2} dx$

SECTION - C

Note: i) Long answer type questions.

5 × 7 = 35

ii) Answer any Five questions.

iii) Each question carries 7 marks.

18. If  $(2, 0)$ ,  $(0, 1)$ ,  $(4, 5)$  and  $(0, c)$  are concyclic, then find  $c$ .
19. Find the equation of the circle which passes through the vertices of the triangle formed by the lines  $x + y + 1 = 0$ ,  $3x + y - 5 = 0$ ,  $2x + y - 5 = 0$ .
20. Evaluate  $\int \frac{\cos x + 3 \sin x + 7}{\cos x + \sin x + 1} dx$
21. Obtain the reduction formula for  $I_n = \int \operatorname{cosec}^n x dx$ ,  $n$  being a positive integer,  $n \geq 2$  and deduce the value of  $\int \operatorname{cosec}^5 x dx$ .
22. Evaluate  $\int_0^{\pi/4} \frac{\sin x + \cos x}{9 + 16 \sin 2x} dx$
23. Evaluate  $\int_0^{\pi/2} \frac{\sin^2 x}{\sin x + \cos x} dx$
24. Evaluate  $\int_a^b \sqrt{(x - a)(b - x)} dx$

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