

VSWS 1

code: - A

2020

Series
వర్గము

A

(English & Telugu Versions)

Time : 150 Minutes
సమయము : 150 నిమిషములుMax. Marks : 150
మొత్తం మార్కులు : 150

INSTRUCTIONS (సర్దుకములు)

1. Please check the Test Booklet and ensure that it contains all the 150 questions. If you find any defect in the Test Booklet or OMR Answer Sheet, please get it replaced immediately.

ప్రశ్న పత్రములో అన్ని ప్రశ్నలు 150 ముద్రించబడినవో లేదో చూచుకొనవలెను. ప్రశ్న పత్రములో గాని, OMR సమాధాన పత్రములో గాని ఏదైనా తొవమున్నచో దాని స్థానములో పేర్కొనబడిన వెంటనే తీసుకొనవలెను.

2. The test booklet consists of 150 questions. Part A contains 75 questions and Part B contains 75 questions. Each question carries 1 mark.

ఈ ప్రశ్న పత్రములో 150 ప్రశ్నలున్నవి, పార్ట్ A నందు 75 ప్రశ్నలు మరియు పార్ట్ B నందు 75 ప్రశ్నలు ఉండు. ప్రశ్నకు 1 మార్కు తీయించబడినది.

3. The Question Paper is set in English and translated into Telugu language. The English version will be considered as the authentic version for valuation purpose.

ప్రశ్న పత్రము ఇంగ్లీషులో తయారుచేయబడి తెలుగు భాషలోకి తర్జుమా చేయబడినది. సమాధాన పత్రము మరియు పేయింపుకు ఇంగ్లీషు ప్రశ్న పత్రము ప్రామాణికముగా తీసుకొనబడును.

4. The Test Booklet is printed in four (4) Series, viz. [A] [B] [C] [D]. The Series, [A] or [B] or [C] or [D] is printed on the right-hand corner of the cover page of the Test Booklet. Mark your Test Booklet Series [A] or [B] or [C] or [D] in Part C on side 1 of the OMR Answer Sheet by darkening the appropriate circle with Blue/Black Ball point pen.

ప్రశ్న పత్రము నాలుగు వర్గములలో (Series) అనగా [A] [B] [C] [D] వర్గములలో ముద్రించబడినది. ఈ వర్గములను [A] గాని [B] గాని [C] గాని [D] గాని ప్రశ్న పత్రము యొక్క కుదు పేజీ కుడి పైపు మూలలో ముద్రించబడినది. పేజీపైన ప్రశ్న పత్రము యొక్క వర్గము (Series) [A] గాని [B] గాని [C] గాని [D] గాని OMR సమాధాన పత్రము ఒకటవ పైపు పార్ట్ C నందు అందుకోసము తీయించబడిన వృత్తమును బ్లూ/బ్లాక్ బాల్ పాయింట్ పెన్సిల్తో సర్దుగా రుద్ది నింపవలెను.

P.T.O.

SEAL



PART - A

1. Mission Shakti which was in the news recently, is
 - (1) An anti-satellite mission developed by the DRDO and ISRO jointly
 - (2) A mission to showcase the potential of the youth of the country
 - (3) A mission to encourage women into the military
 - (4) A programme to boost the Intellectual Property Rights culture in India
2. Recently 16 public sector banks have been merged into 4 banks. Which among the following is the correct set of banks that have been merged together?
 - (1) Union Bank of India, Andhra Bank and Indian Bank
 - (2) Corporation Bank, Oriental Bank of Commerce and United Bank of India
 - (3) Canara Bank and Syndicate Bank
 - (4) Allahabad Bank and Punjab National Bank
3. The High-level Committee on deepening Digital Payments submitted its report recently. The Committee was headed by
 - (1) Bimal Jalan
 - (2) Nandan Nilekani
 - (3) U. K. Sinha
 - (4) C. Rangarajan

2023 - A

1. ಇದರ ಕುರಿತು ಈ ವಿಷಯ ಸತ್ಯವೆಂದು ತಿಳಿದುಕೊಳ್ಳುವುದು ಸರಿಯಾದದ್ದು.
 - (1) ಭಾರತದ ಸಮರಕ್ಕೆ ಇದು ಮೊದಲನೆಯ ಸತ್ಯವಾಗಿದೆ ಎಂದು ತಿಳಿದುಕೊಳ್ಳುವುದು ಸರಿಯಾದದ್ದು ಎಂದು
 - (2) ಭಾರತದ ಮೊದಲ ಸತ್ಯವಾಗಿದೆ ಎಂದು ತಿಳಿದುಕೊಳ್ಳುವುದು ಸರಿಯಾದದ್ದು ಎಂದು
 - (3) ಭಾರತದ ಮೊದಲ ಸತ್ಯವಾಗಿದೆ ಎಂದು ತಿಳಿದುಕೊಳ್ಳುವುದು ಸರಿಯಾದದ್ದು ಎಂದು
 - (4) ಭಾರತದ ಮೊದಲ ಸತ್ಯವಾಗಿದೆ ಎಂದು ತಿಳಿದುಕೊಳ್ಳುವುದು ಸರಿಯಾದದ್ದು ಎಂದು
2. ಈ ಮಧ್ಯೆ ಸೇರಿದ 16 ಸಾರ್ವಜನಿಕ ಕ್ಷೇತ್ರದ ಬ್ಯಾಂಕುಗಳನ್ನು 4 ಬ್ಯಾಂಕುಗಳಾಗಿ ವಿಭಜಿಸಲಾಗಿದೆ. ಕೆಳಕಂಡಿರುವ ಬ್ಯಾಂಕುಗಳ ಸರಿಯಾದ ಸಂಯೋಜನೆಯನ್ನು ಗುರುತಿಸಿ.
 - (1) ಯುನೈಟೆಡ್ ಬ್ಯಾಂಕ್ ಆಫ್ ಇಂಡಿಯಾ, ಕರ್ನಾಟಕ ಬ್ಯಾಂಕ್ ಮತ್ತು ಇಂಡಿಯನ್ ಬ್ಯಾಂಕ್
 - (2) ಕಾರ್ಪೊರೇಷನ್ ಬ್ಯಾಂಕ್, ಓರಿಯಂಟಲ್ ಬ್ಯಾಂಕ್ ಆಫ್ ಕಾಮರ್ಸ್ ಮತ್ತು ಯುನೈಟೆಡ್ ಬ್ಯಾಂಕ್ ಆಫ್ ಇಂಡಿಯಾ
 - (3) ಕೆನರಾ ಬ್ಯಾಂಕ್ ಮತ್ತು ಸಿಂಡಿಕೇಟ್ ಬ್ಯಾಂಕ್
 - (4) ಅಲಹಾಬಾದ್ ಬ್ಯಾಂಕ್ ಮತ್ತು ಪಂಜಾಬ್ ನ್ಯಾಷನಲ್ ಬ್ಯಾಂಕ್
3. ಹೈ-ಲೆವೆಲ್ ಕಮಿಟಿಯು ಡಿಜಿಟಲ್ ಪೇಮೆಂಟ್‌ಗಳನ್ನು ಆಳವಡು ಮಾಡುವುದರ ಬಗ್ಗೆ ವರದಿ ಸಲ್ಲಿಸಿತು. ಈ ಕಮಿಟಿಯು ಈ ಕೆಳಕಂಡವರಿಂದ ನೇತೃತ್ವ ವಹಿಸಲ್ಪಟ್ಟಿದೆ.
 - (1) ಬಿಮಲ್ ಜಲಾನ್
 - (2) ನಂದನ್ ನಿಲೇಕಾನಿ
 - (3) ಯು. ಕೆ. ಸಿನ್ಹಾ
 - (4) ಸಿ. ರಂಗರಾಜನ್

4. Recently the Supreme Court permitted which of the following animals to be introduced in India?

- (1) African Cheetah
- (2) American Mountain Lion
- (3) Australian Koala Bear
- (4) Chinese Panda

5. The Prime Minister Shri. Narendra Modi has announced an economic package under the Atma Nirbhar Bharat Abhiyan. Under this, the five pillars of a self-reliant India are

- A. Economy
- B. Health
- C. Infrastructure
- D. Technology driven systems
- E. Vibrant demography
- F. Demand

Of the above, select the correct statements using the codes.

- (D) A, C, D, E und F
(E) A, B, C, D, F
(F) A, B, C, E, F
(G) A, B, C, D, E

Q. In an international seminar, out of 150 participants, 103 are from Asia. If 90 of the total participants are vegetarian, then which of the following statements is/are correct? *

- A. At least 45 Asian participants are vegetarian.

Subject: the covered walkway

- (1) Only A is true
(2) Only B is true
(3) Both A and B are true
(4) Neither A nor B is true

4. ఈ పద్ధతి పట్టణాల్లో ఆ పాఠశాలకు అందుబాటులో ఉన్నప్పుడు ఆ పాఠశాల ఏది ?

- (1) అధిపతి పేరు
(2) అధిపతికి ముగిసిన పదం
(3) అధిపతికి పేరు లేదు
(4) పదం పేరు

2. ಭಾರತದ ಪ್ರತಿಯೊಬ್ಬರೂ "ಒಬ್ಬ ಹೆಸರಿನವರೇ" ಎಂಬ ಒಬ್ಬ ಹೆಸರಿನ ಪ್ರತಿಕರಣ. ಈ ವಚನವು ಒಬ್ಬ ಹೆಸರಿನವರೇ ಎಂಬ ಮುಖ್ಯ ಸೂತ್ರವನ್ನು ಸೂಚಿಸಿದೆ.

- A. $\frac{1}{2}$
B. $\frac{1}{3}$
C. $\frac{1}{4}$
D. $\frac{1}{5}$
E. $\frac{1}{6}$
F. $\frac{1}{7}$

2008, 2009, 2010, 2011, 2012, 2013, 2014, 2015, 2016, 2017, 2018, 2019, 2020, 2021, 2022, 2023, 2024, 2025, 2026, 2027, 2028, 2029, 2030, 2031, 2032, 2033, 2034, 2035, 2036, 2037, 2038, 2039, 2040, 2041, 2042, 2043, 2044, 2045, 2046, 2047, 2048, 2049, 2050, 2051, 2052, 2053, 2054, 2055, 2056, 2057, 2058, 2059, 2060, 2061, 2062, 2063, 2064, 2065, 2066, 2067, 2068, 2069, 2070, 2071, 2072, 2073, 2074, 2075, 2076, 2077, 2078, 2079, 2080, 2081, 2082, 2083, 2084, 2085, 2086, 2087, 2088, 2089, 2090, 2091, 2092, 2093, 2094, 2095, 2096, 2097, 2098, 2099, 2100, 2101, 2102, 2103, 2104, 2105, 2106, 2107, 2108, 2109, 2110, 2111, 2112, 2113, 2114, 2115, 2116, 2117, 2118, 2119, 2120, 2121, 2122, 2123, 2124, 2125, 2126, 2127, 2128, 2129, 2130, 2131, 2132, 2133, 2134, 2135, 2136, 2137, 2138, 2139, 2140, 2141, 2142, 2143, 2144, 2145, 2146, 2147, 2148, 2149, 2150, 2151, 2152, 2153, 2154, 2155, 2156, 2157, 2158, 2159, 2160, 2161, 2162, 2163, 2164, 2165, 2166, 2167, 2168, 2169, 2170, 2171, 2172, 2173, 2174, 2175, 2176, 2177, 2178, 2179, 2180, 2181, 2182, 2183, 2184, 2185, 2186, 2187, 2188, 2189, 2190, 2191, 2192, 2193, 2194, 2195, 2196, 2197, 2198, 2199, 2200, 2201, 2202, 2203, 2204, 2205, 2206, 2207, 2208, 2209, 2210, 2211, 2212, 2213, 2214, 2215, 2216, 2217, 2218, 2219, 2220, 2221, 2222, 2223, 2224, 2225, 2226, 2227, 2228, 2229, 2230, 2231, 2232, 2233, 2234, 2235, 2236, 2237, 2238, 2239, 2240, 2241, 2242, 2243, 2244, 2245, 2246, 2247, 2248, 2249, 2250, 2251, 2252, 2253, 2254, 2255, 2256, 2257, 2258, 2259, 2260, 2261, 2262, 2263, 2264, 2265, 2266, 2267, 2268, 2269, 2270, 2271, 2272, 2273, 2274, 2275, 2276, 2277, 2278, 2279, 2280, 2281, 2282, 2283, 2284, 2285, 2286, 2287, 2288, 2289, 2290, 2291, 2292, 2293, 2294, 2295, 2296, 2297, 2298, 2299, 2300, 2301, 2302, 2303, 2304, 2305, 2306, 2307, 2308, 2309, 2310, 2311, 2312, 2313, 2314, 2315, 2316, 2317, 2318, 2319, 2320, 2321, 2322, 2323, 2324, 2325, 2326, 2327, 2328, 2329, 2330, 2331, 2332, 2333, 2334, 2335, 2336, 2337, 2338, 2339, 2340, 2341, 2342, 2343, 2344, 2345, 2346, 2347, 2348, 2349, 2350, 2351, 2352, 2353, 2354, 2355, 2356, 2357, 2358, 2359, 2360, 2361, 2362, 2363, 2364, 2365, 2366, 2367, 2368, 2369, 2370, 2371, 2372, 2373, 2374, 2375, 2376, 2377, 2378, 2379, 2380, 2381, 2382, 2383, 2384, 2385, 2386, 2387, 2388, 2389, 2390, 2391, 2392, 2393, 2394, 2395, 2396, 2397, 2398, 2399, 2400, 2401, 2402, 2403, 2404, 2405, 2406, 2407, 2408, 2409, 2410, 2411, 2412, 2413, 2414, 2415, 2416, 2417, 2418, 2419, 2420, 2421, 2422, 2423, 2424, 2425, 2426, 2427, 2428, 2429, 2430, 2431, 2432, 2433, 2434, 2435, 2436, 2437, 2438, 2439, 2440, 2441, 2442, 2443, 2444, 2445, 2446, 2447, 2448, 2449, 2450, 2451, 2452, 2453, 2454, 2455, 2456, 2457, 2458, 2459, 2460, 2461, 2462, 2463, 2464, 2465, 2466, 2467, 2468, 2469, 2470, 2471, 2472, 2473, 2474, 2475, 2476, 2477, 2478, 2479, 2480, 2481, 2482, 2483, 2484, 2485, 2486, 2487, 2488, 2489, 2490, 2491, 2492, 2493, 2494, 2495, 2496, 2497, 2498, 2499, 2500, 2501, 2502, 2503, 2504, 2505, 2506, 2507, 2508, 2509, 2510, 2511, 2512, 2513, 2514, 2515, 2516, 2517, 2518, 2519, 2520, 2521, 2522, 2523, 2524, 2525, 2526, 2527, 2528, 2529, 2530, 2531, 2532, 2533, 2534, 2535, 2536, 2537, 2538, 2539, 2540, 2541, 2542, 2543, 2544, 2545, 2546, 2547, 2548, 2549, 2550, 2551, 2552, 2553, 2554, 2555, 2556, 2557, 2558, 2559, 2560, 2561, 2562, 2563, 2564, 2565, 2566, 2567, 2568, 2569, 2570, 2571, 2572, 2573, 2574, 2575, 2576, 2577, 2578, 2579, 2580, 2581, 2582, 2583, 2584, 2585, 2586, 2587, 2588, 2589, 2590, 2591, 2592, 2593, 2594, 2595, 2596, 2597, 2598, 2599, 2600, 2601, 2602, 2603, 2604, 2605, 2606, 2607, 2608, 2609, 2610, 2611, 2612, 2613, 2614, 2615, 2616, 2617, 2618, 2619, 2620, 2621, 2622, 2623, 2624, 2625, 2626, 2627, 2628, 2629, 2630, 2631, 2632, 2633, 2634, 2635, 2636, 2637, 2638, 2639, 2640, 2641, 2642, 2643, 2644, 2645, 2646, 2647, 2648, 2649, 2650, 2651, 2652, 2653, 2654, 2655, 2656, 2657, 2658, 2659, 2660, 2661, 2662, 2663, 2664, 2665, 2666, 2667, 2668, 2669, 2670, 2671, 2672, 2673, 2674, 2675, 2676, 2677, 2678, 2679, 2680, 2681, 2682, 2683, 2684, 2685, 2686, 2687, 2688, 2689, 26

- (1) A, C, D, E सोबत F
(2) A, B, C, D, F
(3) A, B, C, E, F
(4) A, B, C, D, E

4. 1.1. అంతర్జాతీయ సమాఖ్యలో 150 మంది సభ్యులలో 105 మంది అభివృద్ధి చెందిన దేశాలు. మిగిలిన సభ్యులలో 50 సభ్యులు వా-కా-దేశం. అందులో 45 మంది వారిలో పేద దేశాలు ఉన్నాయి. ?

- A. ಸುಮಾರು 45 ಮಂದಿ ಮಹಿಳೆಯರ ಪಾಲ್ಗೊಂಡು
ಹಾಜರಾಗಿದ್ದರು.
- B. 18 ಮಂದಿ ಮಹಿಳೆಯರ ಪಾಲ್ಗೊಂಡು ಸಭೆಯಲ್ಲಿ
ಸದನ ಮಾಡಿ ಕೂಡಲಾಗಿದೆ.

- (4) A, B సమానం



Directions (7-10) : In the following pie-charts, the percentage of different sections of students of two Colleges X and Y are given and the table shows the percentage of Boys among them. The total number of students in College X is 6,000 and that in College Y is 9,000.



Sections	% Boys in X	% Boys in Y
A	40%	45%
B	30%	48%
C	40%	55%
D	48%	52%
E	55%	60%
F	60%	57%

7. What is the total number of girls of section D in College X ?

- (1) 975
(2) 488
(3) 597
(4) 864

8. What is the number of girls in section A of College X ?

- (1) 572
(2) 792
(3) 1188
(4) 858

Directions (7-10) : ಈ ಕೆಳಗೆ 2 ಪೈಕ್‌ಗಳಲ್ಲಿ X ಮತ್ತು Y ಇವುಗಳ ವಿವಿಧ ಸೆಕ್ಷನ್‌ಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ವಿದ್ಯಾರ್ಥಿಗಳ ಶೇಕಡೆ ನೀಡಲಾಗಿದೆ. X ಮತ್ತು Y ಇವುಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ವಿದ್ಯಾರ್ಥಿಗಳ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ 6,000 ಮತ್ತು 9,000.



Sections	% Boys in X	% Boys in Y
A	40%	45%
B	30%	48%
C	40%	55%
D	48%	52%
E	55%	60%
F	60%	57%

7. X ಮತ್ತು D ಸೆಕ್ಷನ್‌ನಲ್ಲಿರುವ ಹುಡುಗಿಯರ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ ?

- (1) 975
(2) 488
(3) 597
(4) 864

8. X ಮತ್ತು A ಸೆಕ್ಷನ್‌ನಲ್ಲಿರುವ ಹುಡುಗಿಯರ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ ?

- (1) 572
(2) 792
(3) 1188
(4) 858

9. What is the difference between the total number of boys in section B and number of boys in section F of College Y?

(1) 180
(2) 213
(3) 352
(4) 371

10. The total number of girls in sections A, B and C together in College Y is what percentage of the total students in College Y?

(1) 24%
(2) 26.5%
(3) 27.5%
(4) 28.5%

11. What should come in the place of question mark (?) in the following series?

17, 34, 38, 114, 120, 460, ?

(1) 287
(2) 415
(3) 488
(4) 587

9. Y school ke E section ke F section ke boys ke total number ka difference kitna hai?

(1) 180
(2) 213
(3) 353
(4) 371

10. Y school ke A, B aur C section ke girls ke total number College Y ke total students ke total number ka kitna per cent hai?

(1) 24%
(2) 26.5%
(3) 27.5%
(4) 28.5%

11. 17, 34, 38, 114, 120, 460, ? ka series kya hai?

(1) 287
(2) 415
(3) 488
(4) 587

12. $70 + 35 + (50 \times 2) + 6 = ?$

(1) 124

(2) 88

(3) 108

(4) 104

13. Four-fifth of a number is 35 more than 60% of that number. What is 70% of that number?

(1) 87.5

(2) 92.5

(3) 95

(4) None of the above

14. The average of four consecutive odd numbers is 16. What is the product of lowest and highest number?

(1) 247

(2) 255

(3) 221

(4) Data inadequate

15. When the price of a watch was increased by 30%, the quantity sold was decreased by 20%. What was the net effect?

(1) 8%, Gain

(2) 5%, Loss

(3) 8%, Loss

(4) No profit, No loss

12. $70 + 35 + (50 \times 2) + 6 = ?$

(1) 124

(2) 88

(3) 108

(4) 104

13. ఒక సంఖ్యలో $\frac{4}{5}$ భాగం 35 ఎక్కువగా ఉండగా 60% భాగం ఆ సంఖ్య కంటే ఎక్కువగా ఉండగా 70% భాగం ?

(1) 87.5

(2) 92.5

(3) 95

(4) పైవి ఏదీ కాదు

14. నాలుగు సరళ సంఖ్యల సగటు 16. అందులో ఉన్న అతిపెద్ద సంఖ్య అతిచిన్న సంఖ్యకు (product) సమానం ?

(1) 247

(2) 255

(3) 221

(4) సరిగ్గా చెప్పలేము

15. ఒక గడికి ధరను 30% పెంచినప్పుడు, అమ్మకం కంటే 20% తగ్గించినప్పుడు నికర ఫలితం ఏమిటి ?

(1) 8%, లాభం

(2) 5%, నష్టం

(3) 8%, నష్టం

(4) లాభం లేదు లాభం లేదు



Note: (Q. No. 16 - 20):

Read the following passage and answer the items that follow. Your answers to these items should be based on the passage only.

A business will usually go through a clear set of stages that will make up its organizational life cycle. These stages include introduction, early growth, continuous growth, maturity and decline. The first stage, the introduction stage, is the startup phase where a business decides what its core strengths and capabilities are and starts selling its product or service. At this early stage, the founder or founders will be a part of every aspect of the daily process of the business. The main goal at this stage is to take off to a good start and make a place in the market.

The next stage, the early growth, phase, aims at increased sales and more development. The focus at this stage remains on the original product or service but the effort is to increase the market share and venture into related products or services. The main goal is to move the founder to a more managerial role so more time is spent on managing and building the business. At this stage, documents and policies need to be developed so any member of the organization can run the business any time.

The third stage, the continuous growth stage, requires a systematic structure and more formal relationships among its participants. At this stage, the resource requirements of the business need careful handling. The focus is on the expansion of the business, keeping in mind its core strength and capability. A formal organization structure and a clear delegation plan are important at this stage.

At the fourth stage of maturity, a business often slows down as the level of innovative energy may have become weak and formal structures may have become obstacles. A lot of care is required to prevent decline.

16. When will a business create its place in the market?

- (1) At maturity
- ☒ (2) At introduction
- (3) At early growth
- (4) At late growth

17. The resource requirements of a business need careful handling at which stage?

- (1) Fourth
- (2) First
- ☒ (3) Third
- (4) Second

[illegible]

21. మొదట్లో హార్డ్ డ్రాఫ్ట్ అర్హులైన వారు ?
 (1) పరిశోధనా, అభివృద్ధి అధికారులకు మాత్రమే మాత్రమే హార్డ్ డ్రాఫ్ట్ అర్హులు చేయబడతారు.
 (2) హార్డ్ డ్రాఫ్ట్ అర్హులు చేయబడతారు.
 (3) గణితమునకు అధికారి హార్డ్ డ్రాఫ్ట్ అర్హులు చేయబడతారు.
 (4) గణితమునకు అధికారి హార్డ్ డ్రాఫ్ట్ అర్హులు చేయబడతారు.
22. ఎవరి పరిమితిని నిర్ణయించడానికి హార్డ్ డ్రాఫ్ట్ అర్హులైన వారు హార్డ్ డ్రాఫ్ట్ అర్హులు చేయబడతారు ?
 (1) పరిశోధన, అభివృద్ధి
 (2) పరిశోధన, అభివృద్ధి, అభివృద్ధి
 (3) పరిశోధన, అభివృద్ధి
 (4) హార్డ్ డ్రాఫ్ట్ అర్హులైన వారు హార్డ్ డ్రాఫ్ట్ అర్హులు చేయబడతారు.
23. హార్డ్ డ్రాఫ్ట్ అర్హులైన వారు హార్డ్ డ్రాఫ్ట్ అర్హులు చేయబడతారు ?
 (1) అభివృద్ధి
 (2) హార్డ్ డ్రాఫ్ట్ అర్హులు చేయబడతారు.
 (3) హార్డ్ డ్రాఫ్ట్ అర్హులు చేయబడతారు.
 (4) హార్డ్ డ్రాఫ్ట్ అర్హులు చేయబడతారు.
24. హార్డ్ డ్రాఫ్ట్ అర్హులైన వారు హార్డ్ డ్రాఫ్ట్ అర్హులు చేయబడతారు ?
 (1) హార్డ్ డ్రాఫ్ట్ అర్హులు చేయబడతారు.
 (2) హార్డ్ డ్రాఫ్ట్ అర్హులు చేయబడతారు.
 (3) హార్డ్ డ్రాఫ్ట్ అర్హులు చేయబడతారు.
 (4) హార్డ్ డ్రాఫ్ట్ అర్హులు చేయబడతారు.

22. ಮೂರನೆಯ ಸ್ಥಾನದಿಂದ ಎಲ್ಲಾ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆಗಳನ್ನು ತೆಗೆದುಕೊಂಡು ಮೊತ್ತವನ್ನು ಕಂಡುಹಿಡಿಯಿರಿ.
- (1) 2000, 20000
(2) 2000, 20, 200
(3) 2000, ಎರಡು ಸಂಖ್ಯೆಗಳು
(4) ಎರಡು ಸಂಖ್ಯೆಗಳು, ಮೂರನೆಯ ಸ್ಥಾನದ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ

23. జోతాను ఎనిమిదవ వేది అయినది
(1) అభిప్రాయం
(2) సేవకుల దురుతి
(3) ఈ మార్గం శుభ
(4) కృష్ణ దీక్షా

24. పైట పేర్కొనబడిన సాంకేతిక సేవల అభివృద్ధిలోని ప్రధాన అడ్డంకు ఏదైనా?
- (1) అవకాశం పట్ల అవగాహరణ కొరత ఉండటం
 - (2) సాంకేతికత అభివృద్ధిపై పెరిచితుర్యం ఉండటం
 - (3) **సమర్థత, శక్తి, గొప్పతనంపై అభివృద్ధి**
 - (4) మృత్తిక వనరులపై పట్ల అవగాహరణ కొరత ఉండటం



25/c Match the items in List - 1 with List - 2:

List - 1

A. Ethernet

B. Folder

C. Upload

D. Save

E. Save As

List - 2

1. an electronic sub-directory that contains files
2. to send a file from one computer to another through a network
3. to write a file into a disk
4. a protocol for fast communication and file transfer across the network
5. to save a previously saved file in a new location or with a new name
6. the command from a special menu that shuts down the computer safely

- (1) A - 2, B - 1, C - 3, D - 6, E - 5
- (2) A - 4, B - 1, C - 2, D - 3, E - 6
- (3) A - 4, B - 2, C - 1, D - 5, E - 3
- (4) A - 2, B - 1, C - 6, D - 3, E - 5

26.

The mode through which a person can interact with electronic devices such as computers is known as GUI. GUI stands for

- (1) Generic User Interaction
- (2) Graphical User Interface
- (3) Guide for User Intelligence
- (4) General User Interface

25. జాబ్స్ మరియు ఫైల్ 1 ని ఉపయోగించి ఫైల్ 2 ని సృష్టించండి :

ఫైల్ 1

A. ఇంటర్నెట్

B. ఫోల్డర్

C. ఎటాచ్

D. డిస్

E. డిస్ యాన్

ఫైల్ 2

1. పుస్తకాల పట్టిక

2. పరిస్థితి, దాని పుస్తకాల మరియు అధ్యయనాల పరిస్థితి

3. పుస్తకాల పుస్తకాల

4. పరిస్థితి, దాని పుస్తకాల మరియు అధ్యయనాల పరిస్థితి

5. ఇంటర్నెట్ మరియు డిస్ పుస్తకాల మరియు అధ్యయనాల పరిస్థితి

6. అధ్యయనాల పరిస్థితి మరియు అధ్యయనాల పరిస్థితి

- (1) A - 2, B - 1, C - 3, D - 6, E - 5
- (2) A - 4, B - 1, C - 2, D - 3, E - 6
- (3) A - 4, B - 2, C - 1, D - 5, E - 3
- (4) A - 2, B - 1, C - 6, D - 3, E - 5

26. అధ్యయనాల మరియు అధ్యయనాల పరిస్థితి మరియు అధ్యయనాల పరిస్థితి GUI ని ఉపయోగించండి. GUI ని ఉపయోగించండి.

- (1) జనరల్ యూజర్ ఇంటర్ఫేస్
- (2) గ్రాఫికల్ యూజర్ ఇంటర్ఫేస్
- (3) గైడ్ ఫర్ యూజర్ ఇంటెలిజెన్స్
- (4) జనరల్ యూజర్ ఇంటర్ఫేస్



27. Consider the following statements :

- A. Andhra Pradesh Open University is the first Open University in India.
- B. It was inaugurated by President Neelam Sanjeeva Reddy.

Which of the above are correct ?

- (1) A only
- (2) B only
- (3) Both A and B
- (4) Neither A nor B

28. Arrange the following former Chief Ministers of Andhra Pradesh in the chronological order.

- A. Sri. Damodararam Sanjeevaya
- B. Sri. Kama Beshanantsa Reddy
- C. Sri. Mandamuri Taraka Rama Rao
- D. Sri. Kotla Vijaya Bhaskar Reddy

- (1) A, B, D and C
- (2) A, C, D and B
- (3) B, A, D and C
- (4) D, C, B and A

29. The State Government in its prioritised perspective on governance has adopted "Navaratna". Which of the following would be the best explanation of the Scheme ?

- (1) Focusing on nine basic needs of the rural areas
- (2) An integrated scheme with nine cross-cutting schemes covering agriculture, health, education, housing and welfare sectors
- (3) A nine step scheme that seeks to uplift the downtrodden and the deprived with corrupt free and inclusive governance
- (4) A scheme that focuses on nine departments which cater to the neglected sections of the population

27. ఈ ఘటనలను పరిశీలించండి :

- A. ఆంధ్రప్రదేశ్ ఓపెన్ యూనివర్సిటీ అంధ్రప్రదేశ్ లోని మొదటి ఓపెన్ యూనివర్సిటీ.
- B. దీనిని నల్లూరి సీతారామారావు ప్రెసిడెంట్ నేలమసీకా సాంజీవయ్య రెడ్డి ప్రారంభించారు.

- (1) A మాత్రమే
- (2) B మాత్రమే
- (3) A మరియు B రెండూ
- (4) A, B రెండూ

28. క్రింది ఆంధ్రప్రదేశ్ మాజీ ముఖ్యమంత్రుల పేర్లను క్రమబద్ధంగా అమర్చండి.

- A. శ్రీ దామోదరరామ సాంజీవయ్య
- B. శ్రీ కామా బేషాంతుల రెడ్డి
- C. శ్రీ మందమూరి తారక రామారావు
- D. శ్రీ కొటలా విజయ భాస్కర రెడ్డి

- (1) A, B, D మరియు C
- (2) A, C, D మరియు B
- (3) B, A, D మరియు C
- (4) D, C, B మరియు A

29. ప్రభుత్వ ప్రాధాన్యత ప్రాధాన్యతలపై "నవరత్న" అనే పథకాన్ని ప్రారంభించారు. దీని పథకాన్ని ఉత్తమంగా వివరించే ఎంపికను గుర్తించండి.

- (1) గ్రామీణ ప్రాంతాలలో పంచైదు అవసరాలపై దృష్టి పెట్టడం
- (2) పట్టణీయ, అర్బన్, పేద, గృహహీన మరియు పట్టణ పరిధిలోని ముగ్గురు మరియు పేద మరియు పేదరిక పథకాలు
- (3) అధిక అసమర్థ మరియు అసమర్థులైన వారి కోసం పంచైదు అవసరాలతో పాటు, అసమర్థ మరియు అసమర్థుల కోసం పంచైదు అవసరాలతో పాటు
- (4) పట్టణీయ మరియు పేదరిక మరియు పేదరిక ప్రాంతాలలో పంచైదు అవసరాలతో పాటు



10. B is to the East of A and North of C. E is to the South of D, who is the East of C. Which one of the following is direction of A with respect to E?

- (1) South-East
- (2) North-West
- (3) North-East
- (4) Cannot be determined

11. A man is facing East. He turns 90° in the clockwise direction and then 120° in anti-clockwise direction. Which direction he is facing?

- (1) South-West
- (2) West
- (3) North
- (4) North-East

12. Arun invested a sum of money at a certain rate of simple interest for a period of 4 years. Had he invested the same sum for a period of six years, the total interest earned by him would have been 50% more than the earlier interest amount. What was the rate of interest per annum?

- (1) 20%
- (2) 15%
- (3) 25%
- (4) Exactly can't be determined

10. B ಎಂಬ A ಯ ಪೂರ್ವ ಮತ್ತು C ಯ ಪೂರ್ವ ಮತ್ತು D ಯ ದಕ್ಷಿಣ. D ಎಂಬ C ಯ ಪೂರ್ವ ಮತ್ತು E ಎಂಬ D ಯ ದಕ್ಷಿಣ. E ಯಿಂದ A ಯ ದಿಕ್ಕು ಯಾವುದು?

- (1) ದಕ್ಷಿಣ - ಪೂರ್ವ
- (2) ಪೂರ್ವ - ಪೂರ್ವ
- (3) ಪೂರ್ವ - ಪೂರ್ವ
- (4) ನಿರ್ಧರಿಸಲು ಸಾಧ್ಯವಿಲ್ಲ

11. ಒಬ್ಬ ವ್ಯಕ್ತಿ ಪೂರ್ವ ದಿಕ್ಕಿನಲ್ಲಿ ನಿಲ್ಲುತ್ತಾನೆ. ಅವನು 90° ಗಂಟೆಯ ಸೂಚಕದ ದಿಕ್ಕಿನಲ್ಲಿ ತಿರುಗುತ್ತಾನೆ ಮತ್ತು 120° ಅಂಕಿಯ ದಿಕ್ಕಿನಲ್ಲಿ ತಿರುಗುತ್ತಾನೆ. ಅವನು ಯಾವ ದಿಕ್ಕಿನಲ್ಲಿ ನಿಲ್ಲುತ್ತಾನೆ?

- (1) ದಕ್ಷಿಣ - ಪೂರ್ವ
- (2) ಪೂರ್ವ
- (3) ಪೂರ್ವ
- (4) ಪೂರ್ವ - ಪೂರ್ವ

12. ಅರುಣ್ ಒಂದು ಮೊತ್ತವನ್ನು ಒಂದು ನಿರ್ದಿಷ್ಟ ದರದ ಸರಳ ಬಡ್ಡಿಯ ಮೇಲೆ 4 ವರ್ಷಗಳಿಗಾಗಿ ಹೂಡಿಕೆ ಮಾಡಿದನು. ಅವನು ಅದೇ ಮೊತ್ತವನ್ನು 6 ವರ್ಷಗಳಿಗಾಗಿ ಹೂಡಿಕೆ ಮಾಡಿದರೆ, ಅವನು ಒಟ್ಟಾರೆ ಬಡ್ಡಿಯ ಮೊತ್ತ 50% ಹೆಚ್ಚಾಗುತ್ತದೆ. ಆದ್ದರಿಂದ, ವಾರ್ಷಿಕ ಬಡ್ಡಿಯ ದರವು ಯಾವುದು?

- (1) 20%
- (2) 15%
- (3) 25%
- (4) ನಿರ್ಧರಿಸಲು ಸಾಧ್ಯವಿಲ್ಲ



33. If all apples are tigers, some tigers are pens; some pens are not pencils, no tiger is a table, then which of the following is not a possibility?

- (1) Some pens are tigers
- (2) Some pencils are apples
- (3) All tigers are apples
- (4) No tiger is an apple

34. In the following sequence, how many letters are there which are immediately followed by a number?

A 7 © 8 L P @ 7 6 N B T Y 3 2 = R 3 4 9
© G H 5

- (1) Three
- (2) Four
- (3) One
- (4) Two

35. Scientists have recently discovered a new form of matter which is both solid and liquid at the same time. This new state of matter has been named as

- (1) Plasma state
- (2) Super fluid state
- (3) Chain melted state
- (4) Degenerate matter

33. ಎಲ್ಲೆಲ್ಲಾ ಆಪಲ್‌ಗಳು : ಕೆಲವು ಟಿಗರ್‌ಗಳು : ಕೆಲವು ಪೆನ್‌ಗಳು : ಕೆಲವು ಪೆನ್‌ಗಳು ಪೆನ್‌ಗಳು : 2 ಪೆನ್‌ಗಳು ಟೇಬಲ್‌ಗಳು : ಯಾವುದು ಸಾಧ್ಯವಿಲ್ಲದ ಸಂದರ್ಭ ?

- (1) ಕೆಲವು ಪೆನ್‌ಗಳು ಟಿಗರ್‌ಗಳು
- (2) ಕೆಲವು ಪೆನ್‌ಗಳು ಆಪಲ್‌ಗಳು
- (3) ಎಲ್ಲ ಟಿಗರ್‌ಗಳು ಆಪಲ್‌ಗಳು
- (4) 2 ಪೆನ್‌ಗಳು ಟೇಬಲ್‌ಗಳು

34. ಈ ಕೆಳಗೆ ನೀಡಿದ ಸರಣಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ಎಷ್ಟು ಅಕ್ಷರಗಳಿಗೆ ನಂತರ ಅಕ್ಷರವೇ ಬರುತ್ತದೆ ?

A 7 © 8 L P @ 7 6 N B T Y 3 2 = R 3 4 9
© G H 5

- (1) ಮೂರು
- (2) ನಾಲ್ಕು
- (3) ಒಂದು
- (4) ಎರಡು

35. ಈ ಹೊಸ ಸಂಶೋಧನೆಯು ಒಂದು ಹೊಸ ರೀತಿಯ ಪದಾರ್ಥವನ್ನು ಕಂಡುಹಿಡಿದಿದೆ. ಇದು ಒಮ್ಮೇಳದಲ್ಲೇ ಘನ ಮತ್ತು ದ್ರವ ರೂಪಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಇರಬಹುದು. ಈ ಹೊಸ ಸ್ಥಿತಿಯನ್ನು ಏನೆಂದು ಕರೆಯಲಾಗಿದೆ ?

- (1) ಪ್ಲಾಸ್ಮಾ ಸ್ಥಿತಿ
- (2) ಸೂಪರ್ ಫ್ಲೂಯಿಡ್ ಸ್ಥಿತಿ
- (3) ಸರಣಿ ಕರಗಿದ ಸ್ಥಿತಿ
- (4) ಡಿಜನೇರೇಟ್ ಮ್ಯಾಟರ್

26. Strait of Hormuz is an important waterway through which a third of the world's seaborne oil passes through. This Strait is located

- (1) Between the southern coast of Iran and northern tip of Sultanate of Oman
- (2) Between Malay Peninsula and the Indonesian island of Sumatra
- (3) Between Mediterranean sea and Atlantic ocean
- (4) In the Pacific Ocean which separates Russia from Alaska of USA

17. India and Myanmar conducted a joint operation against insurgent groups recently. The operation is called as _____.

- (1) Operation Sunrise
- (2) Operation Tailwind
- (3) Operation Mugsdorf
- (4) Operation Blue Star

38. The USA has withdrawn from the Joint Comprehensive Plan of Action (JCPOA). Which country is this plan related to?

- (1) Kuwait
(2) Saudi Arabia
(3) Iran
(4) Oman

25. "ప్రైవేట్ అఫ్ వా'మెంట్" అంటే 16 ముఖ్యమైన వాడుకగా ఉన్న గుండెనాటి పరిమళంను సూచించే పదము. ఇలాగా చెప్పండి. ఈ పదమును మరలాగే ఉపయోగించే ఉదాహరణలు 3 ముఖ్యమైనవి ఉన్నాయి. ఈ ప్రైవేట్ పదమును ఉపయోగించండి ?

- (1) **ಭಾರತ ರಕ್ಷಣಾ ಸೇವಾ ಘಟಕದ ಮಹಿಳೆಯರ ಸಂಘ** ಪ್ರಾರಂಭಿಸುವುದು;
- (2) **ಮಹಿಳಾ ಸ್ವಯಂಸಹಾಯ (ಪರಿವರ್ತನಾ), ಭಾರತೀಯ ಸ್ವಯಂಸಹಾಯ ಸಂಘಗಳ ಸಂಘಟನಾ ಸಂಸ್ಥೆ**;
- (3) **ಪರಿವರ್ತನಾ ಸಂಘಟನಾ ಮಹಿಳೆಯರ ಸ್ವಯಂಸಹಾಯ ಸಂಘಟನಾ ಸಂಸ್ಥೆ**;
- (4) **ಮಹಿಳಾ ಸೇವಾ ಕಾರ್ಯ, ರಾಷ್ಟ್ರೀಯ ಮಹಿಳಾ ಸಂಘಟನಾ ಸಂಸ್ಥೆ**;

37. ಕುರುಹುಗಳಾದ ಮೂರನೇ ಸ್ತಂಭದಂತೆ ೨, ಮಧ್ಯೆ ೪ನೇ ಸ್ತಂಭದಂತೆ ೨೫ ಮತ್ತು ೩ನೇ ಸ್ತಂಭದಂತೆ ೨೫ ಸ್ತಂಭಗಳಿಗೂ, ಸ್ತಂಭಗಳೂ, ಈ ಹೀಗೆ

- (1) అవరేషన్ ఎన్ఫోర్స్
- (2) అవరేషన్ కన్సర్న్
- (3) అవరేషన్ సెర్టిఫికేట్
- (4) అవరేషన్ ఓకర్ ఫ్లగ్

18. ఎమిటా ఈ సర్క్యూట్ కారణంగా కాంప్లెక్స్ వైర్ అప్-హార్డ్స్ (JCPDA) నుంచి నిర్వహించింది. ఇది ఏ వేగంతో ముందుకువెళ్లింది ?

- (1) $2x^2 + 3x - 5$
(2) $x^2 - 4x + 6$
(3) $x^2 - 5x + 6$
(4) $x^2 - 3x + 2$



A

39. In the context of COVID-19, which of the following would be the appropriate definition of community transmission?

- An individual admitted to a hospital for some other ailments, contracts COVID in the hospital
- An infected person in the community, unaware that he is infected, infects others in the community
- When a traveller gets infected in the country of his visit, returns to his host country and develops symptoms
- When an individual in a particular community seems to have the capacity to cause more infections in a disproportionately large number of people

40. To mitigate pollution, scientists from CSIR (Council of Scientific and Industrial Research) laboratories developed "green crackers" with lower emissions, particulate matter and noise. In these crackers, aluminium, which is used as a primary heat source and to produce the flash is replaced by

- Sulphur
- Magnesium
- Potassium
- Phosphorous

41. Which one of the following is correctly matched?

- TRISHUL : Surface to Surface missile
- PRITHVI : Surface to Air missile
- NAG : Anti-tank missile
- PINAKA : Light combat aircraft

39. ಕೆಳಗೆ-19 ಸಂದರ್ಭದಲ್ಲಿ, ಯಾವ ಪ್ರಾಥಮಿಕ ವಾಣಿಜ್ಯ ಸಮುದಾಯದ ವ್ಯಾಖ್ಯಾನವು?

- ಏಕಾಂತವಾಗಿ ಆಸ್ಪತ್ರೆಗೆ ದಾಖಲಾದವರಿಗೆ COVID-19 ಸೋಂಕು ಹಬ್ಬುವುದು
- ಸಮುದಾಯದಲ್ಲಿ ಒಬ್ಬ ವ್ಯಕ್ತಿ ಅನಿರೀಕ್ಷಿತವಾಗಿ ಇತರರನ್ನು ಸೋಂಕಿಸುವುದು
- ಏಕಾಂತವಾಗಿ ದೇಶದಿಂದ ಮರಳಿದವರು ದೇಶದಲ್ಲೇ ಸೋಂಕು ಹಬ್ಬಿಸುವುದು
- ಏಕಾಂತವಾಗಿ ದೇಶದಿಂದ ಮರಳಿದವರು ದೇಶದಲ್ಲೇ ಸೋಂಕು ಹಬ್ಬಿಸುವುದು

40. ಮಾಲಿನ್ಯವನ್ನು ಕಡಿಗೊಳಿಸಲು, CSIR (Council of Scientific and Industrial Research) ಪ್ರಯತ್ನಿಸಿರುವ "ಹಸಿ ಕ್ರಾಕರ್‌ಗಳು" ಕಡಿಮೆ ಮಾಲಿನ್ಯ, ಕಣಿವೆ ಮತ್ತು ಶಬ್ದವನ್ನು ಹೊಂದಿರುತ್ತವೆ. ಈ ಕ್ರಾಕರ್‌ಗಳಲ್ಲಿ, ಪ್ರಾಥಮಿಕ ಉಷ್ಣ ಮೂಲ ಮತ್ತು ಬಿರುಗಾಳಿ ಉತ್ಪಾದಿಸಲು ಬಳಸಲಾಗುತ್ತಿದ್ದ ಅಲೂಮಿನಿಯಂನನ್ನು ಬದಲಿಸಿ

- ಸಲ್ಫರ್
- ಮ್ಯಾಗ್ನೀಸಿಯಂ
- ಪೊಟ್ಯಾಷಿಯಂ
- ಫಾಸ್ಫಾರಸ್

41. ಕೆಳಗಿನವುಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಯಾವುದು ಸರಿಯಾಗಿ ಹೊಂದಿಕೆಯಾಗಿದೆ?

- ಟ್ರಿಶೂಲ್ : ಮೇಲ್ಮೈ-ಮೇಲ್ಮೈ ಮಿಸೈಲ್
- ಪ್ರಿಥಿವಿ : ಮೇಲ್ಮೈ-ವಾಯು ಮಿಸೈಲ್
- ನಾಗ : ಆಂತರಿಕ ಮಿಸೈಲ್
- ಪಿಂಕಾ : ಸುಸ್ಥಿರ ಹೋರಾಟ ವಿಮಾನ



43. Quinine, the effective medicine in the treatment of malaria, is extracted from

- (1) Bark of Cinnamon
- (2) Bark of Cinchona
- (3) Leaves of Ocimum
- (4) Bark of Acaia Catechu

43. "Endoscopes" used by Doctors for examining the inside of the patient's stomach, works on the principle of

- (1) Reflection
- (2) Dispersion of light
- (3) Total internal reflection of light
- (4) Refraction of light

44. Convalescent Plasma therapy is being examined by researchers for the management of COVID-19. It involves

- (1) Checking the blood of an individual by looking for antibodies
- (2) Testing for the presence of viral RNA
- (3) Using neutralizing antibodies from the blood of people who have recovered from COVID-19 infection to treat patients with COVID-19
- (4) Isolating people who have had a genetic proximity to COVID-19

45. Consider the following pairs of National Parks and Rivers flowing through the parks:

Park	River
A. Nagarkhane	Damodar
B. Keibel Laxoo	Harog
C. Bhawan Mahavir	Mandovi

Which of the pair(s) given above is/are correctly matched?

- (1) C only
(2) B only
(3) B and C
(4) A, B and C

42. සමහර විට "සිංහ" යන නම
පැරණි සිංහලයාගේ

- (2) హుక్మీ తెచ్చి, పేరును

43. లోక జానపద కవిత్వం లోని భాగాన్ని పరిశీలించి, దానిని "జానపద కవిత్వం" అని పిలుస్తారు. ఇది ఎందుకంటే ఎందుకంటే

- (d) ☒ red light scatters more

44. பழநி தேவாலய சிற்பக் கலையின் மீத 10 வினாக்கள்
தேர்வுகளைக் கொண்டு தேர்வு செய்யப்படும். வினாக்கள்
தேர்வுகளைக் கொண்டு தேர்வு செய்யப்படும்.

- (1) ಹಲವು ವಿದ್ಯಾ ಪ್ರಾಂಶುಗಳಿಂದಲೂ 2 ವರ್ಷದ
ಮಾಹಿತಿ ಪಡೆಯುವುದು

- (70) ಕೆಆರ್-19 ಪ್ರಾ. ಸಂಹಿತೆಗಳನ್ನು ರದ್ದು ಮಾಡಿ
ಈ ಮಹಾ ನಗರವು ಕೆಆರ್-19 ಪ್ರಾ. ಸಂಹಿತೆ
ಮೇಲೆ ಸಹಿ ಮಾಡಿ, ಜಾರಿ

- [illegible]

44. අදාළ වැටුප්පත්තිය පවත්වා ගැනීම සඳහාම පවත්වා ගත යුතු වන බැවින් (වැරදි කළහොත්) පනවනු ලබන පනතින් පිටතට.

అంశం	సం
A. పాపం	: పాపం
B. పాపం పాపం	: పాపం
C. పాపం పాపం	: పాపం

to provide a better understanding of the role of the

- (11) C. argyria

46. Consider the following statements :

- A. Odisha is the most species rich State in India in terms of turtle diversity.
- B. "Pohitora Wildlife Sanctuary" is often called 'Mini Kaziranga' because of similar landscapes and a sizeable population of the one-horned rhino.

Choose the incorrect statements.

- (1) A only
- (2) B only
- (3) Both A and B
- (4) Neither A nor B

47. This award is given for significant contribution by the Government of India for individuals or communities from rural areas that have shown extraordinary courage and dedication in protecting Wildlife. A cash award of Rupees One lakh is presented along with the award to individuals/ institutions involved in wildlife protection.

The above is a description of the

- (1) Indira Gandhi Paryawaran Puraskar
- (2) Madni Puraskar Yojana
- (3) Amrita Devi Bishnoi Award
- (4) Pitamber Pant National Award

48. The Principle of Common but Differentiated Responsibilities is specially focused on

- (1) Ozone layer depletion
- (2) Combat Desertification
- (3) Climate change
- (4) Mangroves and wetlands conservation

49. ఏ- ప్రతి వ్యవస్థకు వర్తించదు.

A. ఒకప్పుడే అన్నింటా అభివృద్ధి చెందుతున్న దేశాలకు (spatial) వర్తించదు.

B. "చిరుత" వన్యప్రాంత అభయారణ్యం "మరి అలాంటి వన్యప్రాంతాలు, వాటిని ఏ- ప్రాంతం" పరిరక్షించే అభివృద్ధి అలాంటి ఉద్దేశం ఏ ప్రాంత ప్రాధాన్యం.

ఇది సామాన్యమైనది.

- (1) A మాత్రమే
- (2) B మాత్రమే
- (3) A మరియు B
- (4) A మరియు B రెండూ

47. వ్యక్తిగతం లేదా గ్రామీణ జీవన విధానాలకు వ్యతిరేకంగా భారత ప్రభుత్వం పురస్కారం ఇచ్చే ప్రతిభను గురించి వివరిస్తున్నది. ఈ పురస్కారం పొందిన వ్యక్తులకు/ సంస్థలకు రూ. 1 లక్షలు అందజేస్తారు.

ఇది వ్యవస్థకు వర్తించదు.

- (1) అభివృద్ధి చెందుతున్న దేశాలకు
- (2) చిరుత ప్రాంతాలకు మాత్రమే
- (3) అభివృద్ధి చెందుతున్న దేశాలకు
- (4) చిరుత మరియు అభివృద్ధి చెందుతున్న దేశాలకు

48. సామాన్య వాతావరణమునకు ప్రత్యేక బాధ్యతలు లేని ఉద్దేశం అనేది ఏ- ప్రధాన వ్యవస్థలకు ?

- (1) ఒకే ప్రాంత ప్రాంత
- (2) సామాన్య ప్రాంతాలకు
- (3) వాతావరణ మార్పు
- (4) సామాన్య వాతావరణం మరియు సామాన్య వాతావరణం



49. Match the following :

List - 1	List - 2
A. The Indian Forest Act	1. 1927
B. The Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act	2. 1972
C. The Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act	3. 1981
D. The Environment (Protection) Act	4. 1986

Mark the answers using the codes.

- (1) A - 1, B - 2, C - 3, D - 4
 (2) A - 4, B - 3, C - 2, D - 1
 (3) A - 3, B - 4, C - 2, D - 1
 (4) A - 4, B - 2, C - 3, D - 1

Note : (Q. No. 50-53) :

In each of the following sentences, four options of rewriting the sentences are given. You are required to identify the best way of writing the sentence in the context of the correct usage of standard written English. While doing so, you have to ensure that the message being conveyed remains the same in all the cases.

50. My grandfather seldom ever wants to try and face the truth.

- (1) My grandfather seldom ever wants to try and face the truth
 (2) My grandfather seldom if ever wants to try and face the truth
 (3) My grandfather seldom ever wants to try to face the truth
 (4) My grandfather seldom wants to try to face the truth

50. 49-ஐப் பற்றி கீழ்க் கொடுக்கப்பட்ட :

கீழ் - 1	கீழ் - 2
A. இந்திய காடுகள் சட்டம்	1. 1927
B. தண்ணீர் (தடுப்பு மற்றும் கட்டுப்பாடு) சட்டம்	2. 1972
காற்று சட்டம்	3. 1981
C. காற்று (தடுப்பு மற்றும் கட்டுப்பாடு) சட்டம்	4. 1986
D. சுற்றுச்சூழல் (பாதுகாப்பு) சட்டம்	

- (1) A - 1, B - 2, C - 3, D - 4
 (2) A - 4, B - 3, C - 2, D - 1
 (3) A - 3, B - 4, C - 2, D - 1
 (4) A - 4, B - 2, C - 3, D - 1

Note : (Q. No. 50-53) :

In each of the following sentences, four options of rewriting the sentences are given. You are required to identify the best way of writing the sentence in the context of the correct usage of standard written English. While doing so, you have to ensure that the message being conveyed remains the same in all the cases.

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 (3) My grandfather seldom ever wants to try to face the truth
 (4) My grandfather seldom wants to try to face the truth



51. The reason I came late to class today is because my motorcycle broke down.

- (1) The reason I came late to class today is because my motorcycle broke down.
- (2) Why I came late to class today is because my motorcycle broke down.
- (3) The reason I was late to class today is because my motorcycle broke down.
- (4) The reason I came late to class today is that my motorcycle broke down.

The question given below has a sentence with a part of the sentence underlined. Four alternatives for the underlined part are given. One of them is correct. Identify the correct one.

52. It was only then I realized that I had not taught my friend and it was he who had taught the meaning of true friendship.

- (1) It was only then that I realized that I had not taught my friend but it was he who had
- (2) Only then did I realize that I had not taught my friend and it was he had
- (3) I realized only then that I had not taught my friend and he had
- (4) Only then did I realize that I had not taught my friend and it was he who had

51. The reason I came late to class today is because my motorcycle broke down.

- (1) The reason I came late to class today is because my motorcycle broke down.
- (2) Why I came late to class today is because my motorcycle broke down.
- (3) The reason I was late to class today is because my motorcycle broke down.
- (4) The reason I came late to class today is that my motorcycle broke down.

The question given below has a sentence with a part of the sentence underlined. Four alternatives for the underlined part are given. One of them is correct. Identify the correct one.

52. It was only then I realized that I had not taught my friend and it was he who had taught the meaning of true friendship.

- (1) It was only then that I realized that I had not taught my friend but it was he who had
- (2) Only then did I realize that I had not taught my friend and it was he had
- (3) I realized only then that I had not taught my friend and he had
- (4) Only then did I realize that I had not taught my friend and it was he who had



The statement given below has a part missing. Choose the best option from those given below the statement to make up the missing part.

53. A university _____ in more than one sense for the welfare of the learner.

- (1) has or is expected to have a character universal
- (2) has or is expected to have a universal character
- (3) have or is expected to having a universal character
- (4) is or has expected to have a universal character

54. Which among the following is not considered as a risk for Computer Security or Privacy ?

- (1) Worms
- (2) Phishing
- (3) Spam
- (4) Juice jacking

55. Hacking refers to

- A. Data access without permission.
- B. Data updation without permission.
- C. Data deletion without permission.

Select the correct statement using the codes given.

- (1) A only
- (2) A and C only
- (3) A, B and C
- (4) C only

The statement given below has a part missing. Choose the best option from those given below the statement to make up the missing part.

53. A university _____ in more than one sense for the welfare of the learner.

- (1) has or is expected to have a character universal
- (2) has or is expected to have a universal character
- (3) have or is expected to having a universal character
- (4) is or has expected to have a universal character

54. ಹಾಗೆಯೇ ಸುರಕ್ಷತೆ ಅಥವಾ (Security) ಗೋಪ್ಯತೆ (Privacy) ಹಾನಿಯಾದ ಸಂಭವ ?

- (1) ವರ್ಮ್ (Worms)
- (2) ಫಿಷಿಂಗ್ (Phishing)
- (3) ಸ್ಪ್ಯಾಂ (Spam)
- (4) ಜುಜ್ ಜಾಕ್ಯಿಂಗ್ (Juice jacking)

55. ಹ್ಯಾಕಿಂಗ್ ಅಂದರೆ

- A. ಅನುಮತಿ ಇಲ್ಲದೇ ಡೇಟಾ ಪರಿಶೀಲನೆ
- B. ಅನುಮತಿ ಇಲ್ಲದೇ ಡೇಟಾ ಅಪ್ಡೇಟ್ ಮಾಡುವುದು
- C. ಅನುಮತಿ ಇಲ್ಲದೇ ಡೇಟಾ ಡಿಲೀಟ್ ಮಾಡುವುದು

ಈ ಕೆಳಗೆ ಸರಿಯಾದ ಕೋಡ್ಗಳನ್ನು :

- (1) A ಸರಿಯಾಗಿದೆ
- (2) A ಮತ್ತು C ಸರಿಯಾಗಿದೆ
- (3) A, B ಮತ್ತು C ಸರಿಯಾಗಿದೆ
- (4) C ಸರಿಯಾಗಿದೆ



56. Which of the following are the steps taken by the Government of Andhra Pradesh to control consumption of Liquor?

- A. Reducing the number of liquor outlets.
- B. Closing permit rooms and belt shops.
- C. Increasing the price of liquor.
- D. Reducing the sale timings of liquor.

Select the correct options using the codes given.

- (1) A and C only
- (2) B, C and D only
- (3) C and D only
- (4) A, B, C and D

57. What is the name of "App" launched by Government of Andhra Pradesh through which citizens can lodge complaints against election irregularities in the local body elections?

- (1) Nigha
- (2) Nethram
- (3) Drashti
- (4) Matsakshapu

58. మద్యం వినియోగం తగ్గించడానికి, ప్రభుత్వం
కొన్ని దిశలు తీసుకున్న చర్యలు ఉన్నాయి.

- A. మద్య దుకాణాల సంఖ్య తగ్గించడం
- B. మద్య పరిమితులు పెంచడం ద్వారా మద్యం వినియోగం తగ్గించడం.
- C. మద్య ధరలు పెంచడం.
- D. మద్య విక్రయ సమయాల తగ్గించడం.

(1) A మరియు C మాత్రమే

(2) B, C మరియు D మాత్రమే

(3) C మరియు D మాత్రమే

(4) A, B, C మరియు D

59. స్థానిక మద్యం విక్రయాలపై ప్రభుత్వం నియంత్రణను
వేసి మద్యం వినియోగం తగ్గించడానికి ప్రభుత్వం
మరింత దిశలు తీసుకున్నాయి. దీనిని ప్రభుత్వం ప్రారంభించిన "అప్" పేరును
తెలుపు.

(1) నీగా

(2) నేత్రం

(3) ద్రాష్టి

(4) మత్సకషపు



58. Consider the following statements :

A. The Scheme of Jaganna Vasati Daseena seeks to support students at every stage of education.

B. Assistance under Jaganna Vasati Daseena Scheme is to be given to only one student in a family.

Which of the following are true ?

- (1) A only
- (2) B only
- (3) Both A and B
- (4) Neither A nor B

59. The fifteenth Finance Commission has reduced the vertical devolution from 42% to 41%. Which among the following parameters was not considered in taking the decision ?

- (1) Forest Cover
- (2) Area of the State
- (3) Income Tax collected by the State
- (4) Demographic Performance

60. The annual publication 'National Health Profile' is released by which of the following ?

- (1) Central Bureau of Health Intelligence
- (2) NITI Aayog
- (3) Ministry of Science and Technology
- (4) Medical Council of India

58. ಈ ಕೆಳಗೆ ಹೇಳಿಕೊಂಡವುಗಳನ್ನು ಪರಿಗಣಿಸಿ :

A. ಜಗನ್ನಾ ವಾಸತಿ ದಾಸೇನಾ ಯೋಜನೆಯು ವಿದ್ಯಾರ್ಥಿಗಳಿಗೆ ಶಿಕ್ಷಣದ ಪ್ರತಿ ಹಂತದಲ್ಲೂ ಸಹಾಯವನ್ನು ನೀಡುವುದು.

B. ಜಗನ್ನಾ ವಾಸತಿ ದಾಸೇನಾ ಯೋಜನೆಯಡಿ ಒಂದು ಕುಟುಂಬಕ್ಕೆ ಒಬ್ಬ ವಿದ್ಯಾರ್ಥಿಗೆ ಮಾತ್ರ ಸಹಾಯ ನೀಡುವುದು.

- (1) A ಮಾತ್ರ
- (2) B ಮಾತ್ರ
- (3) A ಮತ್ತು B ಇವೆರಡು
- (4) A, B ಇವೆರಡು

59. 15 ನೇ ಹಣಕಾಸು ಮಂಡಳಿ (vertical) ವಿತರಣೆಯನ್ನು 42% ರಿಂದ 41% ಕ್ಕೆಳಗಿಳಿಸಿತು. ಈ ಕೆಳಗಿನ ಯಾವ ಪಾರಾಮಿಟರ್‌ನು ಈ ನಿರ್ಧಾರದಲ್ಲಿ ಪರಿಗಣಿಸಲಾಗಲಿಲ್ಲ ?

- (1) ಕಾಡು ಪ್ರದೇಶ
- (2) ರಾಜ್ಯದ ವಿಸ್ತೀರ್ಣ
- (3) ರಾಜ್ಯದ ಆದಾಯ ತೆರಿಗೆ ಸಂಗ್ರಹಣೆಯ ಪ್ರಮಾಣ
- (4) ಜನಸಂಖ್ಯಾ ಪ್ರದರ್ಶನ

60. "ರಾಷ್ಟ್ರೀಯ ಆರೋಗ್ಯ ಪ್ರೊಫೈಲ್" ಪ್ರಕಟವಾಗುವುದು ಯಾವ ಯೋಜನೆಯಡಿ ?

- (1) ಕೇಂದ್ರೀಯ ಆರೋಗ್ಯ ವಿಜ್ಞಾನ ಮತ್ತು ಸಂಶೋಧನಾ ಕೇಂದ್ರ
- (2) NITI ಆಯೋಗ
- (3) ವಿಜ್ಞಾನ ಮತ್ತು ತಂತ್ರಜ್ಞಾನ ಸಚಿವಾಲಯ
- (4) ಭಾರತೀಯ ವೈದ್ಯಕೀಯ ಮಂಡಳಿ



61. The Bodo peace accord was signed recently. Bodos are the single largest tribal community in which of the following States?
- Andhra Pradesh
 - Madhya Pradesh
 - Chhattisgarh
 - Assam
62. Operation Digital Board (ODB) has been recently launched by the Government of India. The purpose of ODB is
- To digitize the functioning of all government offices
 - To leverage technology to boost quality education in the country
 - To set up digital boards throughout the government offices to display the status of work
 - To link all hospitals, government and private, through technology to better understand the nature of diseases in the country
63. Which of the following statement is correct with regards to the recently passed 104th Constitutional Amendment Act?
- The Bill provides for 10% reservation to Economically weaker section
 - The Bill gives statutory powers to the National Commission for Backward Classes
 - The Bill provides to increase the financial and executive powers of the 10 autonomous councils in the Sixth Schedule area of the North Eastern region
 - The Bill seeks to extend the reservation for SCs and STs by another 10 years in the Lok Sabha and Legislature Assemblies of States
64. ఈ పరిష్కార చట్ట చాలా ముఖ్యమైనది. "బోడో" అనేది ఏదో ఒక అతి పెద్ద మైన తెగ సమూహం. ఈ తెగ ఏ రాష్ట్రంలో ఉంది?
- ఆంధ్రప్రదేశ్
 - మధ్యప్రదేశ్
 - చత్తీస్ గఢ్
 - అస్సాం
65. "ఆపరేషన్ డిజిటల్ బోర్డు" (ODB) అనే పథకాన్ని ప్రారంభించింది భారత్. ఈ పరిష్కార ప్రయత్నం ఏదే?
- ప్రభుత్వ కార్యాలయాల పనితీరును డిజిటల్ చేయడం
 - రాష్ట్ర పాఠశాల అంతటా కార్యనిర్వహణ పరిష్కారం
 - ప్రభుత్వ కార్యాలయాల పనితీరును మెరుగుపరిచే డిజిటల్ బోర్డుల ద్వారా పనితీరును తెలుసుకోవడం
 - పాఠశాల/హాస్పిటల్ ద్వారా ప్రజలు-అధికారుల మధ్య ఉన్న దూరాలను తగ్గించడం
66. 104 వ రాష్ట్రపతీ సవరణ చట్టం ద్వారా ఏదైనా సత్యం చెప్పండి.
- అభివృద్ధి చెందిన దేశాలకు 10% రిజర్వేషన్లు ఉన్నాయి
 - నేషనల్ కమిషన్ ఫర్ బ్యాక్వర్డ్ క్లాస్సెస్ కు స్థానం ఉంది
 - 6 వ డివిజన్లో ఉన్న 10 స్వతంత్ర ప్రభుత్వాలకు అధికారం పెంచబడింది
 - డెల్టా కేంద్రం, డెల్టా కేంద్రం ద్వారా 10 సంవత్సరాల పాటు SCs మరియు STs కు 10% రిజర్వేషన్లు ఉంటాయి



64. The SARAL Index was recently released by the government. Consider the following regarding SARAL:

- A. The index aims to assess states on their ability to create strong markets for rooftop solar segment.
- B. The index was topped by Tamil Nadu.

Identify the correct statement(s).

- (1) A only
- (2) B only
- (3) Both A and B
- (4) Neither A nor B

65. Which of the following organisations releases the World Happiness Report every year?

- (1) International Monetary Fund
- (2) World Economic Forum
- (3) United Nations Sustainable Development Solutions Network
- (4) World Health Organisation

66. Who among the following proposed the correct model of DNA structure?

- (1) Khorana
- (2) Watson and Crick
- (3) Priestley
- (4) None of these

67. Which among the following Vitamins have antioxidant properties?

- A. Vitamin A
- B. Vitamin C
- C. Vitamin E
- D. Vitamin K

Choose the correct answer using the codes given below.

- (1) A only
- (2) B and C only
- (3) A and C only
- (4) A, B and C

64. "சரல் டைண்ட்" (SARAL Index) -ஐ அரசு வெளியிட்டது. கீழ்க்கண்டவற்றைக் கருதுக: SARAL:

- A. டைண்ட் மாநில அரசுகளின் கூர்தொலைபேசி சூரியத் தகவல் சந்தைப் பகுதியை வலுவாக்க உதவிக்கிறது.
- B. இந்த டைண்ட் தமிழ்நாடு தலைநிலம்.

சரியான கூற்று(கள்) என்ன?

- (1) A மட்டும்
- (2) B மட்டும்
- (3) A மற்றும் B இரண்டும்
- (4) A, B இரண்டும்

65. கீழ்க்கண்ட அமைப்புகளில் எது ஒவ்வாண்டு உலக சந்தோசம் அறிக்கையை வெளியிடுக?

- (1) சர்வதேச நாணய நிதியம்
- (2) உலக பொருளியல் மன்றம்
- (3) ஐக்கிய நாடுகளின் உறுப்பினர் வளர்ச்சித் திட்டம்
- (4) உலக சுகாதார அமைப்பு

66. கீழ்க்கண்டவர்களில் எவர் DNA அமைப்பின் சரியான மாதிரியைக் கண்டறிந்தார்?

- (1) கோரனா
- (2) வாட்சன் மற்றும் க்ரிக்
- (3) பிரிஸ்ட்லி
- (4) மேல் எதுவுமில்லை

67. கீழ்க்கண்ட எந்த எந்த வைட்டமின்கள் ஆக்சிஜனேற்றப் பண்பைக் கொண்டிருக்கின்றன?

- A. வைட்டமின் A
- B. வைட்டமின் C
- C. வைட்டமின் E
- D. வைட்டமின் K

கீழ்க்கண்டவற்றைப் பயன்படுத்தி சரியான பதிலைத் தேர்வுசெய்க:

- (1) A மட்டும்
- (2) B மற்றும் C மட்டும்
- (3) A மற்றும் C மட்டும்
- (4) A, B மற்றும் C



68. Match the following.

List - I Terminology of COVID-19	List - II Meaning
A. Contact Tracing	1. Number of deaths occurring in all infected people in a particular population
B. Co-morbidities	2. Health conditions in an individual which put them at greater risk
C. Infection fatality rate	3. Reducing the number of new COVID-19 cases on a day-to-day basis
D. Flattening of the curve	4. Reduction in the rise of infections within a population
	5. Identifying and monitoring people who have come in contact with an infectious person
(1) A - 5, B - 1, C - 2, D - 3	
(2) A - 5, B - 2, C - 1, D - 3	
(3) A - 4, B - 2, C - 1, D - 3	
(4) A - 3, B - 4, C - 2, D - 2	

68. ಈ ಕೆಳಕಂಡವುಗಳನ್ನು ಹೊಂದಿಸಿ.

ಲೆಕ್ಕ I	ಲೆಕ್ಕ II
ಕಾಂಟಾಕ್ಟ್ ಟ್ರೇಸಿಂಗ್	1. ಸಂಖ್ಯಾ ಹಾನಿ
A. ಕಾಂಟಾಕ್ಟ್ ಟ್ರೇಸಿಂಗ್	2. ಸಂಖ್ಯಾ ಹಾನಿ
	3. ಸಂಖ್ಯಾ ಹಾನಿ
	4. ಸಂಖ್ಯಾ ಹಾನಿ
B. ಕೊ-ಮೊರ್ಟಿಟಿ	5. ಆರೋಗ್ಯದ ಅಪಾಯ
	6. ಆರೋಗ್ಯದ ಅಪಾಯ
	7. ಆರೋಗ್ಯದ ಅಪಾಯ
C. ಇನ್‌ಫೆಕ್ಷನ್ ಫೇಟಲ್ ರೇಟ್	8. ದಿನಕ್ಕೆ ಹೊಸ
	9. ದಿನಕ್ಕೆ ಹೊಸ
	10. ದಿನಕ್ಕೆ ಹೊಸ
D. ಫ್ಲಾಟನಿಂಗ್ ಆಫ್ ದಿ ಕರ್ವ್	11. ಸಂಖ್ಯಾ ಹಾನಿ
	12. ಸಂಖ್ಯಾ ಹಾನಿ
	13. ಸಂಖ್ಯಾ ಹಾನಿ
	14. ಸಂಖ್ಯಾ ಹಾನಿ
	15. ಸಂಖ್ಯಾ ಹಾನಿ
	16. ಸಂಖ್ಯಾ ಹಾನಿ
	17. ಸಂಖ್ಯಾ ಹಾನಿ
	18. ಸಂಖ್ಯಾ ಹಾನಿ
	19. ಸಂಖ್ಯಾ ಹಾನಿ
	20. ಸಂಖ್ಯಾ ಹಾನಿ
	21. ಸಂಖ್ಯಾ ಹಾನಿ
	22. ಸಂಖ್ಯಾ ಹಾನಿ
	23. ಸಂಖ್ಯಾ ಹಾನಿ
	24. ಸಂಖ್ಯಾ ಹಾನಿ
	25. ಸಂಖ್ಯಾ ಹಾನಿ
	26. ಸಂಖ್ಯಾ ಹಾನಿ
	27. ಸಂಖ್ಯಾ ಹಾನಿ
	28. ಸಂಖ್ಯಾ ಹಾನಿ
	29. ಸಂಖ್ಯಾ ಹಾನಿ
	30. ಸಂಖ್ಯಾ ಹಾನಿ
	31. ಸಂಖ್ಯಾ ಹಾನಿ
	32. ಸಂಖ್ಯಾ ಹಾನಿ
	33. ಸಂಖ್ಯಾ ಹಾನಿ
	34. ಸಂಖ್ಯಾ ಹಾನಿ
	35. ಸಂಖ್ಯಾ ಹಾನಿ
	36. ಸಂಖ್ಯಾ ಹಾನಿ
	37. ಸಂಖ್ಯಾ ಹಾನಿ
	38. ಸಂಖ್ಯಾ ಹಾನಿ
	39. ಸಂಖ್ಯಾ ಹಾನಿ
	40. ಸಂಖ್ಯಾ ಹಾನಿ
	41. ಸಂಖ್ಯಾ ಹಾನಿ
	42. ಸಂಖ್ಯಾ ಹಾನಿ
	43. ಸಂಖ್ಯಾ ಹಾನಿ
	44. ಸಂಖ್ಯಾ ಹಾನಿ
	45. ಸಂಖ್ಯಾ ಹಾನಿ
	46. ಸಂಖ್ಯಾ ಹಾನಿ
	47. ಸಂಖ್ಯಾ ಹಾನಿ
	48. ಸಂಖ್ಯಾ ಹಾನಿ
	49. ಸಂಖ್ಯಾ ಹಾನಿ
	50. ಸಂಖ್ಯಾ ಹಾನಿ
	51. ಸಂಖ್ಯಾ ಹಾನಿ
	52. ಸಂಖ್ಯಾ ಹಾನಿ
	53. ಸಂಖ್ಯಾ ಹಾನಿ
	54. ಸಂಖ್ಯಾ ಹಾನಿ
	55. ಸಂಖ್ಯಾ ಹಾನಿ
	56. ಸಂಖ್ಯಾ ಹಾನಿ
	57. ಸಂಖ್ಯಾ ಹಾನಿ
	58. ಸಂಖ್ಯಾ ಹಾನಿ
	59. ಸಂಖ್ಯಾ ಹಾನಿ
	60. ಸಂಖ್ಯಾ ಹಾನಿ
	61. ಸಂಖ್ಯಾ ಹಾನಿ
	62. ಸಂಖ್ಯಾ ಹಾನಿ
	63. ಸಂಖ್ಯಾ ಹಾನಿ
	64. ಸಂಖ್ಯಾ ಹಾನಿ
	65. ಸಂಖ್ಯಾ ಹಾನಿ
	66. ಸಂಖ್ಯಾ ಹಾನಿ
	67. ಸಂಖ್ಯಾ ಹಾನಿ
	68. ಸಂಖ್ಯಾ ಹಾನಿ
	69. ಸಂಖ್ಯಾ ಹಾನಿ
	70. ಸಂಖ್ಯಾ ಹಾನಿ
	71. ಸಂಖ್ಯಾ ಹಾನಿ
	72. ಸಂಖ್ಯಾ ಹಾನಿ
	73. ಸಂಖ್ಯಾ ಹಾನಿ
	74. ಸಂಖ್ಯಾ ಹಾನಿ
	75. ಸಂಖ್ಯಾ ಹಾನಿ
	76. ಸಂಖ್ಯಾ ಹಾನಿ
	77. ಸಂಖ್ಯಾ ಹಾನಿ
	78. ಸಂಖ್ಯಾ ಹಾನಿ
	79. ಸಂಖ್ಯಾ ಹಾನಿ
	80. ಸಂಖ್ಯಾ ಹಾನಿ
	81. ಸಂಖ್ಯಾ ಹಾನಿ
	82. ಸಂಖ್ಯಾ ಹಾನಿ
	83. ಸಂಖ್ಯಾ ಹಾನಿ
	84. ಸಂಖ್ಯಾ ಹಾನಿ
	85. ಸಂಖ್ಯಾ ಹಾನಿ
	86. ಸಂಖ್ಯಾ ಹಾನಿ
	87. ಸಂಖ್ಯಾ ಹಾನಿ
	88. ಸಂಖ್ಯಾ ಹಾನಿ
	89. ಸಂಖ್ಯಾ ಹಾನಿ
	90. ಸಂಖ್ಯಾ ಹಾನಿ
	91. ಸಂಖ್ಯಾ ಹಾನಿ
	92. ಸಂಖ್ಯಾ ಹಾನಿ
	93. ಸಂಖ್ಯಾ ಹಾನಿ
	94. ಸಂಖ್ಯಾ ಹಾನಿ
	95. ಸಂಖ್ಯಾ ಹಾನಿ
	96. ಸಂಖ್ಯಾ ಹಾನಿ
	97. ಸಂಖ್ಯಾ ಹಾನಿ
	98. ಸಂಖ್ಯಾ ಹಾನಿ
	99. ಸಂಖ್ಯಾ ಹಾನಿ
	100. ಸಂಖ್ಯಾ ಹಾನಿ

(1) A - 5, B - 1, C - 2, D - 3

(2) A - 5, B - 2, C - 1, D - 3

(3) A - 4, B - 2, C - 1, D - 3

(4) A - 3, B - 4, C - 2, D - 2



69. What is the "Bharat Net Project" initiative by Government of India about ?

- To connect all educational institutions across India through a broadband service.
- To provide high speed broadband to all Gram Panchayats.
- To create a network of all health centers across India.
- To connect both educational and health institutions in India.

70. Indian government made FAST Tag mandatory for all vehicles in India. Technology behind this is

- Radio frequency identification
- Microwave detection
- Magnetic strip reading
- Chemical component reading

71. Which of the following can be considered for biometric identification of a person ?

- Facial recognition
- Iris
- Signature
- Voice

Select the correct options using the codes below.

- A only
- A and D only
- A, C and D
- A, B, C and D

69. కేంద్ర ప్రభుత్వం ప్రారంభించిన "భారత్ నెట్ ప్రాజెక్ట్" గురించి

- దేశంలోని అన్ని విద్యా సంస్థల్లో అనుబంధంగా చేసి భారత్ ల్యాండ్ లైన్స్
- భారత్ సమకాలీనంగా హై స్పీడ్ భారత్ ల్యాండ్ నెట్‌వర్క్
- దేశంలోని అలోగ్గ కేంద్రాలకు నెట్‌వర్క్‌ను ఏర్పాటు చేయడం
- విద్యా సంస్థలకు మరియు అలోగ్గ సంస్థలకు అనుబంధంగా చేసి భారత్ నెట్

70. కేంద్ర ప్రభుత్వం అన్ని వాహనాలకు "ఫాస్ట్ టాగ్" అవసరం చేస్తుంది. అందులో భాగంగా ఉన్న టెక్నాలజీ ఏదీ ?

- రేడియో ఫ్రీక్వెన్సీ ఐడెంటిఫికేషన్
- మైక్రోవేవ్ డిటెక్షన్
- మాగ్నెటిక్ స్ట్రీప్ రీడింగ్
- కెమికల్ కాంపోజెంట్ రీడింగ్

71. క్రింది వాటిలో ఏది జీవ విశేషాల గుర్తింపుకు ఉపయోగపడుతుంది ?

- హస్తం
- చేతి
- చూపు
- వాయిస్

పైన పేర్కొన్నవిని ఎంచుకోండి :

- A మాత్రమే
- A మరియు D మాత్రమే
- A, C మరియు D
- A, B, C మరియు D



72. Which of the following statements is incorrect regarding GSLV Mk III?

 - It is a three stage heavy lift launch vehicle
 - It was developed by DRDO
 - Chandrayaan - 2 was launched using it
 - It can be used to place satellites in Geosynchronous orbit

73. World Conference in Disaster Risk Reduction is a series of conferences focusing on disaster and climate risk management in the context of sustainable development organized by

 - United Nations
 - International Union for Conservation of Nature
 - Inter Governmental Crisis Management Committee
 - Japan International Cooperation Agency

74. Which of the following is the largest Biosphere Reserve in India?

 - Rann of Kutch
 - Gulf of Mannar
 - Sunderbans
 - Nanda Devi

75. Which of the following Act regulates National Park or Wildlife Sanctuary?

 - Environmental Protection Act, 1986
 - Wildlife Protection Act, 1972
 - Biodiversity Act, 2002
 - The Forest (Conservation) Act, 1980

76. Which of the following is not a part of the National Water Policy, 2002?

 - Water is a scarce resource
 - Water is a common property resource
 - Water is a public good
 - Water is a natural resource

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79. Which of the following is not a part of the National Water Policy, 2002?

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 - Water is a common property resource
 - Water is a public good
 - Water is a natural resource



PART - B

Part - D

76. Which of the following languages was patronised under the Vijayanagara Empire?

A. Telugu
B. Kannada
C. Sanskrit
D. Tamil

Select the correct answer with the help of the codes given below.

- (1) A only
(2) A and B
(3) A, B and D
(4) A, B, C and D

77. "Nicolo de Conti", an Italian visitor, came to Vijayanagara during the reign of

(1) Deva Raya II
(2) Deva Raya I
(3) Harshana I
(4) Bukka I

78. A Mughal emperor's wife at Delhi is said to have sabotaged the work of the rebels by acting as the informer to the British. She was

(1) Hazarat Mahal
(2) Zinat Mahal
(3) Mumtaz Mahal
(4) Fatima Begum

76. ಯಾವುದೇ ಭಾಷೆಯನ್ನು ವಿಜಯನಗರ ಸಾಮ್ರಾಜ್ಯದ ಅಧೀನದಲ್ಲಿ ಪೋಷಿಸಲಾಯಿತು ?

A. ತೆಲುಗು
B. ಕನ್ನಡ
C. ಸಂಸ್ಕೃತ
D. ತಮಿಳು

ಸರಿಯಾದ ಉತ್ತರವನ್ನು ಕೆಳಕಂಡಂತಿ :

- (1) A ಮಾತ್ರ
(2) A ಮತ್ತು B
(3) A, B ಮತ್ತು D
(4) A, B, C ಮತ್ತು D

77. "ನಿಕೋಲೊ ಡೆ ಕಾಂಟಿ", ಒಬ್ಬ ಇಟಾಲಿಯನ್ ಪ್ರವಾಸಿ, ವಿಜಯನಗರ ಸಾಮ್ರಾಜ್ಯದ ಯಾವ ಆಳ್ವಿಕೆಯ ಸಮಯದಲ್ಲಿ ಬಂದನು ?

(1) ದೇವರಾಯ II
(2) ದೇವರಾಯ I
(3) ಹರ್ಷನಾ I
(4) ಬುಕ್ಕ I

78. ಒಬ್ಬ ಮುಘಲ್ ಸಾಮ್ರಾಜ್ಯದ ರಾಣಿ ದೆಹಲಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ಕ್ರಿಶ್ಚಿಯಾನಿಟಿಯನ್ನು ಹರಡಲು ಪ್ರಯತ್ನಿಸಿದಳು. ಅವಳು ಯಾರಿಗೆ ಸಹಕರಿಸಿದಳು ?

(1) ಹಾಜರತ್ ಮಹಲ್
(2) ಜಿನತ್ ಮಹಲ್
(3) ಮುಮ್ತಾಜ್ ಮಹಲ್
(4) ಫತಿಮಾ ಬಗುಮ್



78. Which of the following were/ was among the grievances that stimulated the Sepoys of the East India Company to rebel?

- A. Racial discrimination
- B. Caste and religious sentiments
- C. Reduction in the allowances
- D. Annexation of Awadh

Choose the correct answer from the codes given below.

- (1) A and B
- (2) A, B and C
- (3) B, C and D
- (4) All the above

80. Who among the following became the first Indian to be successfully enrolled into Indian Civil Services?

- (1) Satyendranath Tagore
- (2) Gopal Krishna Gokhale
- (3) Subhash Chandra Bose
- (4) Sachidanand Sinha

81. Which of the following political party has been contesting continuously with same election symbol for the last 17 Lok Sabha Elections?

- (1) Communist Party of India
- (2) Congress (I)
- (3) Akali Dal
- (4) Dravida Munnetra Kazhagam

79. ಕೆಳಕಂಡು ಯಾವುದೇ ಘಟನೆಯು ಸೆಪಾಯ್ ಪರಿಣಾಮದ ಉದ್ದೇಶವನ್ನು ಹೊಂದಿತ್ತು. ಈ ಪರಿಣಾಮದ ಉದ್ದೇಶವು ಏನಾಗಿತ್ತು?

- A. ಉಪ ಭೇದ
- B. ಕಾಸು ಮತ್ತು ಧಾರ್ಮಿಕ ಭಾವನೆಗಳು
- C. ಅರ್ಹತೆ ಕಡಿತ ಮಾಡುವುದು
- D. ಆಂಧ್ರ ಪ್ರದೇಶ ವಶಪಡಿಸುವುದು

ಘಟನೆಯನ್ನು ಆಯ್ಕೆಮಾಡಿ :

- (1) A ಮತ್ತು B
- (2) A, B ಮತ್ತು C
- (3) B, C ಮತ್ತು D
- (4) ಎಲ್ಲವೂ

80. ಯಾವವರು ಮೊದಲ ಭಾರತೀಯರು ಇಂಗ್ಲಿಷ್ ಸರ್ವಿಸ್‌ನಲ್ಲಿ ಸೇರಿದವರಾಗಿದ್ದಾರೆ?

- (1) ಸತ್ಯೇಂದ್ರನಾಥ ಟಾಗೋರ್
- (2) ಗೋಪಾಲ್ ಕೃಷ್ಣ ಗೋಖಲೆ
- (3) ಸುಬಾಷ್ ಚಂದ್ರ ಬೋಸ್
- (4) ಸಚಿನ್‌ನಂದನ್ ಸಿನ್ಹಾ

81. ಈ 17 ರಾಜ್ಯಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಯಾವ ಪಕ್ಷವು ಅದೇ ಚುನಾವಣಾ ಚಿಹ್ನೆಯನ್ನು ಬಳಸುತ್ತಿದೆ?

- (1) ಕಾಂಗ್ರೆಸ್ ಪಕ್ಷ
- (2) ರಾಜೀವ್
- (3) ಎಐಎಂ
- (4) ಭಾರತೀಯ ಮುಸ್ಲಿಮ್ ಲೀಗ್



82. Consider the following statements about the Preamble :

- The Objective Resolution, proposed by Jawaharlal Nehru ultimately became the Preamble.
- It is not justiciable in nature.
- It can't be amended.
- It can not override the specific provisions of the constitution.

Which of the statements given above are correct ?

- A and B
- A, B and D
- A, B and C
- B, C and D

83. Consider the following statements :

- The Constitution of India provides for dual citizenship.
- Part II of the Constitution deals with the Provisions of Citizenship in the Constitution.

Which of the above statement/s is/are incorrect ?

- Both A and B
- Neither A nor B
- A only
- B only

84. Identify the correct hierarchy in the Council of Ministers.

- Cabinet Minister, Deputy Minister, Minister of State, Parliamentary Secretary.
- Prime Minister, Minister of State, Cabinet Minister, Deputy Minister.
- Cabinet Minister, Minister of State, Deputy Minister, Parliamentary Secretary.
- Prime Minister, Cabinet Minister, Deputy Minister, Parliamentary Secretary, Minister of State.

82. ಪರಿಗಣಿಸಿ ಕೆಳಕಂಡಂತಿರುವ ಹೇಳಿಕೆಗಳನ್ನು :

- ಪರಿಶೀಲನಾ ವಿಧಾನವನ್ನು ಜವಾಹರಲಾಲ್ ನೆಹರು ಪ್ರತಿಪಾದಿಸಿದ ಅಂತಿಮವಾಗಿ ಅದು ಪರಿಶೀಲನಾ ವಿಧಾನವಾಯಿತು.
- ಇದು ನ್ಯಾಯಾಂಗದ ಅಧೀನವಲ್ಲ.
- ಇದನ್ನು ಸಂಸತ್ತು ಸಂಸತ್ತು.
- ಇದು ಸಂವಿಧಾನದ ವಿಶೇಷ ವಿಧಿಗಳನ್ನು ಮೀರಿಸುತ್ತದೆ.

- A ಮತ್ತು B
- A, B ಮತ್ತು D
- A, B ಮತ್ತು C
- B, C ಮತ್ತು D

83. ಕೆಳಕಂಡಂತಿರುವ ಹೇಳಿಕೆಗಳನ್ನು :

- ಭಾರತ ಸಂವಿಧಾನವು ದ್ವಿ-ನಾಗರಿಕತ್ವವನ್ನು ಒದಗಿಸುತ್ತದೆ.
- ಸಂವಿಧಾನದ ಭಾಗ II ನಾಗರಿಕತ್ವದ ವಿಧಿಗಳನ್ನು ಒದಗಿಸುತ್ತದೆ.

ಕೆಳಕಂಡ ಹೇಳಿಕೆಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಯಾವುದು ತಪ್ಪು ?

- A ಮತ್ತು B
- A ಮತ್ತು B ಸರಿಯಾದವು
- A ಮಾತ್ರ
- B ಮಾತ್ರ

84. ಮಂತ್ರಿಮಂಡಲದಲ್ಲಿ ಸರಿಯಾದ ಹಿರಿಯತೆಯನ್ನು ಗುರುತಿಸಿ.

- ಕಾರ್ಯದರ್ಶಿ, ಮಂತ್ರಿ, ಸಹಾಯಕ ಮಂತ್ರಿ, ಸಚಿವರು.
- ಸಚಿವರು, ಮಂತ್ರಿ, ಕಾರ್ಯದರ್ಶಿ, ಸಹಾಯಕ ಮಂತ್ರಿ.
- ಕಾರ್ಯದರ್ಶಿ, ಮಂತ್ರಿ, ಸಹಾಯಕ ಮಂತ್ರಿ, ಸಚಿವರು.
- ಸಚಿವರು, ಕಾರ್ಯದರ್ಶಿ, ಮಂತ್ರಿ, ಸಹಾಯಕ ಮಂತ್ರಿ.



85. Which of the following Articles relating to the fundamental rights in the Constitution are regarded as the "Golden Trinity" ?

- Art. 14, 20 and 21
- Art. 14, 15 and 16
- Art. 19, 20 and 21
- Art. 14, 21 and 32

86. Nagar Palika Bill was first introduced in Parliament during the Prime Ministership of

- V. P. Singh
- Chandrashekhar
- Rajiv Gandhi
- P. V. Narasimha Rao

87. Consider the following statements :

A. National Commission for Women was made a statutory body in 1990, according to Parliament of India Act, 1990.

B. The Commission shall consist of one Chairman, five Members, one member Secretary.

C. Smt. Jayanti Patil was the first Chairperson of this Commission.

D. Smt. Rekha Sharma, present Chairperson of this Commission.

Which of the above given are correct ?

- A, B, C and D
- A, B and C
- B and C
- A and D

85. ಕೆಳಗಿನ ಯಾವ ಮೂರು ಅಂಶಗಳು ಮೂಲ ಹಕ್ಕುಗಳಿಗೆ ಸಂಬಂಧಿಸಿದ "ಗೋಡನ್ ಟ್ರಿನಿಟಿ" ಎಂದು ಕರೆಯಲ್ಪಡುತ್ತವೆ ?

- ಛೇದನಾ 14, 20 ಮತ್ತು 21
- ಛೇದನಾ 14, 15 ಮತ್ತು 16
- ಛೇದನಾ 19, 20 ಮತ್ತು 21
- ಛೇದನಾ 14, 21 ಮತ್ತು 32

86. ನಗರಪಾಲಿಕಾ ಬಿಲ್ ಮೊದಲ ಬಾರಿಗೆ ಪರಿಚಯಿಸಿದ ಪ್ರಧಾನಿ ಯಾರವರ ಸರ್ಕಾರದ್ದು ?

- ವಿ. ಪಿ. ಸಿಂಗ್
- ಚಂದ್ರಶೇಖರ್
- ರಾಜೀವ್ ಗಾಂಧಿ
- ಪಿ. ವಿ. ನಾರಾಯಣ ರಾವ್

87. ಕೆಳಕಂಡ ಹೇಳಿಕೆಗಳನ್ನು ಪರಿಗಣಿಸಿ :

A. ರಾಷ್ಟ್ರೀಯ ಮಹಿಳಾ - 1990 ಕಾಯಿದೆ ಅನ್ವಯಿಸುವಂತೆ 1990 ರಲ್ಲಿ ಸಂಸತ್ತಿನಿಂದ ಈ ಕಾಯಿದೆ ಜಾರಿಯಾದುದು.

B. ಮಹಿಳಾ ಆಯೋಗವು ಒಬ್ಬ ಅಧ್ಯಕ್ಷ, ಐದು ಸದಸ್ಯರು, ಒಬ್ಬ ಸಹಸಚಿವರನ್ನು ಒಳಗೊಂಡಿರುತ್ತದೆ.

C. ಭಾರತದ ಮೊದಲ ಮಹಿಳಾ ಅಧ್ಯಕ್ಷರಾದವರು ಮಹಿಳಾ ಆಯೋಗದ ಅಧ್ಯಕ್ಷರಾಗಿದ್ದರು.

D. ಪ್ರಸ್ತುತ ಮಹಿಳಾ ಆಯೋಗದ ಅಧ್ಯಕ್ಷರಾದವರು ಮಹಿಳಾ ಆಯೋಗದ ಅಧ್ಯಕ್ಷರಾಗಿದ್ದರು.

ಕೆಳಕಂಡ ಯಾವ ಹೇಳಿಕೆಗಳು ಸರಿಯಾಗಿವೆ ?

- A, B, C ಮತ್ತು D
- A, B ಮತ್ತು C
- B ಮತ್ತು C
- A ಮತ್ತು D



88. Members of State Legislative Assemblies (M.L.A's) participate in the election of President of India but not in the removal of the President. What is rationale for this provision?

- The vote value of M.L.A's varies from state to state
- To ensure the removal of the President is free from narrow regional considerations
- The President represents nation
- All the above

89. Identify the correct statement about "Rule of Law Index".

- This index is prepared by World Justice Project, voluntary international civil society organisation
- Denmark secured first rank (2020)
- India secured 69th rank (2020)
- All the above

90. The factors that determine the change in the size of the population of any country would include:

- Birth rate
- Death rate
- The number of persons leaving the country
- The number of persons coming into the country

Select the correct answer from choices.

- A only
- A and B
- A, B and C
- A, B, C and D

88. ರಾಜ್ಯದ ಸದಸ್ಯರಾದ ಸಿಎಲ್ಎಸ್ ವಿಧಾನಸಭೆಯಲ್ಲಿ ಭಾಗವಹಿಸಿ ಪ್ರಧಾನಿಯನ್ನು ಚುನಿಸುತ್ತಾರೆ ಆದರೆ ಅವರನ್ನು ಅಧ್ಯಕ್ಷರನ್ನು ತೆಗೆದುಹಾಕುವಲ್ಲಿ ಭಾಗವಹಿಸುವುದಿಲ್ಲ. ಇದಕ್ಕೆ ಕಾರಣವೇನು ?

- ಎಂ.ಎಲ್.ಎ. ಯ ಒಂದು ಸ್ಥಾನ ರಾಜ್ಯದಿಂದ ಬರುತ್ತದೆ
- ☒ ರಾಜ್ಯದ ಸದಸ್ಯರಾದ ಸಿಎಲ್ಎಸ್ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆಯು ರಾಜ್ಯದ ಅನುಪಾತಕ್ಕೆ ಅನುಸಾರವಾಗಿರುತ್ತದೆ
- ಅಧ್ಯಕ್ಷರನ್ನು ಚುನಿಸುವುದು ರಾಜ್ಯದ ಅನುಪಾತಕ್ಕೆ ಅನುಸಾರವಾಗಿರುತ್ತದೆ
- ಎಲ್ಲವೂ ಸರಿಯಿಲ್ಲ

89. ನ್ಯಾಯೋದಯ ಸಂಪನ್ಮೂಲ (Rule of Law Index) ನು ಸಂಯೋಜಿಸಿದ ಸಂಸ್ಥೆ ಯಾವುದು ?

- ಈ ಸಂಸ್ಥೆಯು "ವರ್ಲ್ಡ್ ಜಸ್ಟಿಸ್ ಪ್ರಾಜೆಕ್ಟ್" ಎಂಬ ಅಂತರರಾಷ್ಟ್ರೀಯ ನಾಗರಿಕ ಸಂಸ್ಥೆಯಾಗಿದೆ
- 2020 ರಲ್ಲಿ ಈ ಸಂಸ್ಥೆಯು ದೇಶಕ್ಕೆ 69^{ನೇ} ಸ್ಥಾನವನ್ನು ನೀಡಿದೆ
- 2020 ರಲ್ಲಿ ಈ ಸಂಸ್ಥೆಯು ದೇಶಕ್ಕೆ 69^{ನೇ} ಸ್ಥಾನವನ್ನು ನೀಡಿದೆ
- ☒ ಎಲ್ಲವೂ ಸರಿಯಿಲ್ಲ

90. ಯಾವ ಯಾವ ಅಂಶಗಳು ಯಾವ ಯಾವ ದೇಶದ ಜನಸಂಖ್ಯೆಯಲ್ಲಿ ಬದಲಾವಣೆಯನ್ನು ಉಂಟುಮಾಡುತ್ತವೆ ?

- ಜನನ ದರ
- ಮರಣ ದರ
- ದೇಶದಿಂದ ಹೊರಹೋಗುವವರ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ
- ದೇಶಕ್ಕೆ ಬರುವವರ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ

ಇದರ ಸರಿಯಾದ ಉತ್ತರವು ಯಾವುದು ?

- A ಮಾತ್ರ
- ☒ A, B ಮತ್ತು C
- A, B ಮತ್ತು C
- A, B, C ಮತ್ತು D



91. Which of the following are guaranteed to a woman under the Domestic Violence Act, 2005?

- A. Right to reside in the marital house
- B. Punishment for marital rape
- C. Custody of children

Which of the above statements are correct?

- (1) A only
- (2) A and C
- (3) B and C
- (4) All the above

92. The Beti Bachao, Beti Padhao Scheme aims to address which of the following problems?

- A. Child Marriages
- B. Female Infanticide
- C. Female Feticide
- D. Honour Killing

Code :

- (1) A and C
- (2) A, B and C
- (3) A, C and D
- (4) All the above

93. Which of the following statements is correct about the Maintenance and Welfare of Parents and Senior Citizens Act?

- A. Maintenance of parents and senior citizens is a legal obligation for children and relatives.
- B. Transfer of property by a senior citizen to children or relatives can be revoked in case of negligence of senior citizens.

- (1) A only
- (2) B only
- (3) Both A and B
- (4) Neither A nor B

91. ಇದರಂತೆ 2005 ರ ಘರೀಬಿ ದೌರ್ವಿಧಿ ಕಾಯಿದೆಗೆ ಒಳಪಟ್ಟಿರುವ ಮಹಿಳೆಗೆ.

- A. ಮದುವೆಯ ಮನೆಗೆ ವಾಪಾಸು
- B. ಮದುವೆಯ ಮನೆಗೆ ವಾಪಾಸು
- C. ಮದುವೆಯ ಮನೆಗೆ ವಾಪಾಸು
- D. ಮದುವೆಯ ಮನೆಗೆ ವಾಪಾಸು

- (1) A ಮಾತ್ರ
- (2) A ಮತ್ತು C
- (3) B ಮತ್ತು C
- (4) ಮದುವೆಯ ಮನೆಗೆ

92. "ಬೆಟಿ ಬಾಚೋ, ಬೆಟಿ ಪಾಡೋ" ಯೋಜನೆ ಮೂಲಕ ಈ ಕೆಳಗೆ ಯಾವುದನ್ನು ಹೆಚ್ಚಿಸುವುದು?

- A. ಮದುವೆಯ ವಯಸ್ಸು
- B. ಮದುವೆಯ ವಯಸ್ಸು
- C. ಮದುವೆಯ ವಯಸ್ಸು
- D. ಮದುವೆಯ ವಯಸ್ಸು

Code :

- (1) A ಮತ್ತು C
- (2) A, B ಮತ್ತು C
- (3) A, C ಮತ್ತು D
- (4) ಮದುವೆಯ ಮನೆಗೆ

93. ಪಾಲಕರನ್ನು ಮತ್ತು ವೃದ್ಧರನ್ನು ಪಾಲಿಸುವ ಮತ್ತು ವೃದ್ಧರನ್ನು ಪಾಲಿಸುವ ಕಾಯಿದೆ ಈ ಕೆಳಗೆ ಯಾವುದನ್ನು ಹೆಚ್ಚಿಸುವುದು?

- A. ಪಾಲಕರನ್ನು ಮತ್ತು ವೃದ್ಧರನ್ನು ಪಾಲಿಸುವ ಕಾಯಿದೆ
- B. ಪಾಲಕರನ್ನು ಮತ್ತು ವೃದ್ಧರನ್ನು ಪಾಲಿಸುವ ಕಾಯಿದೆ
- C. ಪಾಲಕರನ್ನು ಮತ್ತು ವೃದ್ಧರನ್ನು ಪಾಲಿಸುವ ಕಾಯಿದೆ
- D. ಪಾಲಕರನ್ನು ಮತ್ತು ವೃದ್ಧರನ್ನು ಪಾಲಿಸುವ ಕಾಯಿದೆ

- (1) A ಮಾತ್ರ
- (2) B ಮಾತ್ರ
- (3) A ಮತ್ತು B ಮಾತ್ರ
- (4) ಮದುವೆಯ ಮನೆಗೆ



94. Who coined the phrase 'Unity in Diversity'?

- (1) Mahatma Gandhi
- (2) Jawaharlal Nehru
- (3) Dr. B. R. Ambedkar
- (4) Dr. Rajendra Prasad

95. Which of the following are the components of Ujjwala Scheme?

- A. Prevention
- B. Rescue
- C. Rehabilitation
- D. Protection

Code :

- (1) All the above
- (2) A and C
- (3) A, B and C
- (4) B, C and D

96. Which one of the following lakes in India has the highest water salinity?

- (1) Dal
- (2) Chhota
- (3) Wular
- (4) Sambhar

97. The correct sequence of the Eastward flowing rivers of the Peninsular India from North to South is

- (1) Subarnarekha, Mahanadi, Godavari, Krishna, Pennar, Cauveri and Vagai
- (2) Subarnarekha, Mahanadi, Krishna, Godavari, Pennar, Cauveri and Vagai
- (3) Mahanadi, Subarnarekha, Godavari, Krishna, Cauveri, Pennar and Vagai
- (4) Mahanadi, Subarnarekha, Krishna, Godavari, Cauveri, Vagai and Pennar

94. 'ಏಕತೆಯಲ್ಲಿ ವೈವಿಧ್ಯ' ಎಂಬ ಪದವನ್ನು ಯಾರು ಬಳಸಿದರು ?

- (1) ಮಹಾತ್ಮ ಗಾಂಧಿ
- (2) ಜವಹರಲಾಲ್ ನೆಹರು
- (3) ಡಾ. ಬಿ.ಆರ್. ಅಂಬೇಡ್ಕರ್
- (4) ಡಾ. ರಾಜೇಂದ್ರ ಪ್ರಸಾದ್

95. 'ಉಜ್ವಲಾ ಪಡವಿಕೆ' ಯಾವುದರ ಸಂಘಟನೆ?

- A. ತಡೆಗಟ್ಟುವುದು
- B. ರಕ್ಷಣೆ
- C. ಪುನರಾವೇಶ
- D. ಪರಿಹಾರ

Code :

- (1) ಎಲ್ಲವೂ
- (2) A ಮತ್ತು C
- (3) A, B ಮತ್ತು C
- (4) B, C ಮತ್ತು D

96. ಭಾರತದಲ್ಲಿರುವ ಈ ಕೆಳಗೆ ಬಿಟ್ಟಿರುವ ಸರೋವರಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಯಾವುದರಲ್ಲಿ ನೀರಿನ ಸಾಂದ್ರತೆ ಹೆಚ್ಚು ?

- (1) ಡಲ್
- (2) ಚೊಟಾ
- (3) ವುಲರ್
- (4) ಸಾಂಬರ್

97. ಭಾರತದ ಪರ್ವತಾರೋಹಿಣಿ ನದಿಗಳ ಪಶ್ಚಿಮಕ್ಕೆ ಸೇರಿದವುಗಳ ಸರಣಿಯನ್ನು ಈ ಕೆಳಗೆ ನೀಡಲಾಗಿದೆ.

- (1) ಸುಬರ್ಮಣಿ, ಮಹಾನದಿ, ಗೋದಾವರಿ, ಕೃಷ್ಣಾ, ಪೆನ್ನಾರ್, ಕಾವೇರಿ ಮತ್ತು ವಾಗೈ
- (2) ಸುಬರ್ಮಣಿ, ಮಹಾನದಿ, ಕೃಷ್ಣಾ, ಗೋದಾವರಿ, ಪೆನ್ನಾರ್ ಮತ್ತು ಕಾವೇರಿ
- (3) ಮಹಾನದಿ, ಸುಬರ್ಮಣಿ, ಗೋದಾವರಿ, ಕೃಷ್ಣಾ, ಕಾವೇರಿ ಮತ್ತು ವಾಗೈ
- (4) ಮಹಾನದಿ, ಸುಬರ್ಮಣಿ, ಕೃಷ್ಣಾ, ಗೋದಾವರಿ, ಕಾವೇರಿ ಮತ್ತು ಪೆನ್ನಾರ್

98. Which one of the following regions of India is now regarded as an 'Ecological hotspot'?

- A. Western Himalayas
- B. Eastern Himalayas
- C. Western Ghats
- D. Eastern Ghats

Select the correct answer using the codes given below.

- (1) A, B and C
- (2) C and D
- (3) B and C
- (4) All of these

99. Which one of the following regions of India has a combination of Mangrove forest, Evergreen forest and Deciduous forest?

- (1) North Coastal Andhra Pradesh
- (2) South West Bengal
- (3) Southern Saurashtra
- (4) Andaman and Nicobar Islands

100. Which of the following pairs is/are correctly matched?

National Park	Famous for
A. Bandhavgarh	- Tiger
B. Periyar	- Elephant
C. Munnar	- Lion
D. Gir	- Rhinoceros

Select the correct answer using the codes given below.

- (1) A, B and C
- (2) A and B
- (3) A and D
- (4) B only

98. భారతదేశంలో ఈ ప్రాంతం ఏ పర్యావరణ వ్యవస్థాపక ప్రాంతంగా (ఎకాలజికల్ హాట్‌స్పాట్) గా నిర్ణయించబడింది.

- A. పశ్చిమ హిమాలయస్
- B. తూర్పు హిమాలయస్
- C. పశ్చిమ గిరి
- D. తూర్పు గిరి

క్రింది ఇవ్వబడిన ఎంపికలలో:

- (1) A, B మరియు C
- (2) C మరియు D
- (3) B మరియు C
- (4) ప్రతిదీ సరైనవి

99. భారతదేశంలో ఈ ప్రాంతం ఏ రకాల అడవి, అడవి, అడవి కలపబడి ఉంది?

- (1) ఉత్తర తీర ఆంధ్రప్రదేశ్
- (2) పశ్చిమ పశ్చిమ బెంగాల్
- (3) పశ్చిమ బెంగాల్
- (4) ఆంధ్రప్రదేశ్ మరియు నికోబార్ దీవులు

100. ఈ ప్రాంతాల పేర్లు మరియు ప్రసిద్ధి పేర్లు సరిగ్గా పేర్కొనబడినవి.

ప్రాంతం పేరు	ప్రసిద్ధి పేరు
A. బంధవగిరి	తిరు
B. పేరియార్	సింహ
C. మున్నార్	సింహ
D. గిర	జిరాఫె

క్రింది ఎంపికలలో సరిగ్గా ఉంది:

- (1) A, B మరియు C
- (2) A మరియు B
- (3) A మరియు D
- (4) B మాత్రమే



104. The tenure of current Governor according to Andhra Pradesh Re-organization Act, 2014

- (1) Ten years
- (2) Five years
- (3) Twelve years
- (4) No fixed tenure

105. According to Andhra Pradesh Re-organization Act, 2014 the apex Council of river Krishna and Godavari will be headed by

- (1) Prime Minister
- (2) Minister of Water Resources, Government of India
- (3) Chief Justice of Supreme Court
- (4) Governors of Both the States

106. The Government's energy policies aim to provide access to affordable, reliable, sustainable and modern energy. In this context, which of the following forms a part of the energy mix of India?

- A. Nuclear Energy
- B. Gas
- C. Renewable and Clean Energy
- D. Biomass

- (1) A and B
- (2) A, C, D
- (3) A, B, C, D
- (4) A, B, D

104. ఆంధ్రప్రదేశ్ 2014 సంవత్సరపు పునర్వ్యవస్థీకరణ చట్టం ప్రకారం ప్రస్తుత గవర్నర్ పదవీ కాలం

- (1) 10 సం
- (2) 5 సం
- (3) 12 సం
- (4) నిర్ణీత కాలం

105. ఆంధ్రప్రదేశ్ నదిల కృష్ణా మరియు గోదావరి నదులకు సంబంధించిన అపేక్షా సమితికి అధ్యక్షుడిగా ఉంటారు

- (1) ప్రధానమంత్రి
- (2) కేంద్ర నీటి వనరుల మంత్రి
- (3) సుప్రీం కోర్టు న్యాయమూర్తి
- (4) రెండు రాష్ట్రాల గవర్నర్లు

106. ప్రభుత్వం యొక్క శక్తి విధానాల లక్ష్యం, అందుబాటులో ఉన్న, విశ్వసనీయ, సుస్థిర మరియు ఆధునిక శక్తిని అందించడం. ఈ సందర్భంలో, కింది ఏవిటి భారతదేశం యొక్క శక్తి మిశ్రమంలో భాగంగా ఉంటాయి?

- A. అణు శక్తి
- B. గ్యాస్
- C. పునరుత్పత్తి సాధనాల శక్తి మరియు శుభ్ర శక్తి
- D. బయోమేస్

- (1) A మరియు B
- (2) A, C, D
- (3) A, B, C, D
- (4) A, B, D



107. As highlighted in the Economic Survey 2018, a number of indicators that reflect the position of Women in Indian society have moved in the right direction. In this context, the indicators that have declined are

- A. Women having a bank or savings account that they use themselves
- B. Women who are literate
- C. Labour force participation rate
- D. Fertility rate

- (1) A and C
- (2) B and C
- (3) C and D
- (4) A and D

108. Which of the following are the problems faced by senior citizens in India according to the NTPI Aayog?

- A. Shortage of well trained personnel for delivery, care giving and other services for senior citizens.
- B. Lack of Income security.
- C. Rapid emergence of nuclear families and aging parents living away from their children.
- D. Medical care concentrated in urban areas.

- (1) A and B
- (2) A, B, C
- (3) B, C, D
- (4) A, B, C, D

107. 2018 ಆರ್ಥಿಕ ಸರ್ವೇ 2018 ಭಾರತದಲ್ಲಿ ಮಹಿಳೆಯರ ಸ್ಥಾನಮಾನವನ್ನು ಪ್ರತಿಬಿಂಬಿಸುವ ಅನೇಕ ಸೂಚಕಗಳು ಸರಿಯಾದ ದಿಕ್ಕಿನಲ್ಲಿ ಚಲಿಸಿವೆ. ഈ ಸಂದರ್ಭದಲ್ಲಿ, ಕಡಿಮೆಯಾಗುತ್ತಿರುವ ಸೂಚಕಗಳು?

- A. ಮಹಿಳೆಯರ ಬ್ಯಾಂಕ್/ಉಳಿತಾಯ ಖಾತೆಗಳನ್ನು ಅವರು ಬಳಸುತ್ತಿರುವುದು
- B. ಸಾಕ್ಷರತೆಯ ಮಟ್ಟ
- C. ಕಾರ್ಮಿಕರ ಪಾಲ್ಗೊಳ್ಳುವಿಕೆಯ ದರ
- D. ಪ್ರಸೂತಿಯ ದರ

- (1) A ಮತ್ತು C
- (2) B ಮತ್ತು C
- (3) C ಮತ್ತು D
- (4) A ಮತ್ತು D

108. ಹಿರಿಯ ನಾಗರಿಕರನ್ನು ಭಾರತದಲ್ಲಿ ಎದುರಿಸುತ್ತಿರುವ ಸಮಸ್ಯೆಗಳು ಯಾವುವು?

- A. ಹಿರಿಯ ನಾಗರಿಕರನ್ನು ಸೇವಿಸಲು ಅಗತ್ಯವಿರುವ ಅಭಿವೃದ್ಧಿಪಡಿಸಿದ ಮೂಲಕರ ಕೊರತೆ
- B. ಆದಾಯದ ಅಭಿಮಾನ
- C. ಕುಟುಂಬದ ವೇಗವಾಗಿ ಬದಲಾಗುತ್ತಿರುವುದು ಮತ್ತು ಹಿರಿಯರನ್ನು ದೂರದಲ್ಲಿ ಇರಿಸುವುದು
- D. ಆರೋಗ್ಯ ಸೇವೆಗಳು ನಗರ ಪ್ರದೇಶದಲ್ಲಿ ಸೀಮಿತವಾಗಿರುತ್ತವೆ

- (1) A ಮತ್ತು B
- (2) A, B, C
- (3) B, C, D
- (4) A, B, C, D



109. The aspirational districts program was launched in January 2018. The NITI Aayog issued ranking of these districts according to baseline data. In the top five rankings two districts from Andhra Pradesh find a place. These are

- A. Visakhapatnam
- B. Vizianagaram
- C. Guntur
- D. Cuddapah

- (1) A and B
- (2) A and C
- (3) B and D
- (4) C and D

110. The Economic Survey Report 2019-20 focuses on wealth creation. The survey highlights that our age old traditions commended wealth creation. In this context, the survey quotes "Make money - there is no weapon sharper than it to sever the pride of your foe".

This quotation is attributed to

- (1) Kautilya in his book 'Arthashastra'
- (2) Thiruvalluvar in his work 'Thirukkural'
- (3) Mahadev Govind Ranade in his work 'Essay on Indian Political Economy'
- (4) Dadabhai Naoroji's in his book 'Poverty and Un-British rule of India'

109. ఆస్పిరేషనల్ డిస్ట్రిక్ట్ ప్రోగ్రామ్ జనవరి 2018 న ప్రారంభం చేయబడింది. ఈ ప్రోగ్రామ్ కింద ఈ ఏడాదికి డిస్ట్రిక్ట్లకు ప్రాథమిక డేటా ఆధారంగా ర్యాంకింగ్ ఇవ్వబడింది. ఈ ర్యాంకింగ్ డిస్ట్రిక్ట్లలో పైన ఉన్న డిస్ట్రిక్ట్లలో రెండు డిస్ట్రిక్ట్లు ఆంధ్రప్రదేశ్ నుండి ఉన్నాయి. ఇవి ఏవి ?

- A. విజయవాడ
- B. విజియనగరం
- C. గుంటూరు
- D. కడప

- (1) A మరియు B
- (2) A మరియు C
- (3) B మరియు D
- (4) C మరియు D

110. 2019-20 ఆర్థిక సర్వే నివేదిక సమృద్ధి సృష్టిని

సంప్రదించింది. ఈ సర్వే ప్రకారం ప్రాచీన సంప్రదాయాలు సమృద్ధి సృష్టిలో సామర్థ్యం కలిగి ఉన్నాయి.

ఈ సందర్భంగా సర్వేలో "పేదరికం నాశనం చేయడానికి సమృద్ధి సృష్టి అనే యుద్ధం కంటే ఎక్కువగా ప్రభావవంతం"

ఈ వాక్యాలకు సమాన సమానం ?

- (1) కౌటిల్యుని ఆర్థిక శాస్త్రం
- (2) తిరువల్లూరు "తిరుక్కూర్లు"
- (3) మహాదేవ్ గోవింద్ రాండ్ "భారతీయ రాజకీయ ఆర్థిక శాస్త్రం"
- (4) డా. డా. బాబు నాయుడు "పేదరికం మరియు బ్రిటిష్ పాలన"

(3) మహాదేవ్ గోవింద్ రాండ్ "భారతీయ రాజకీయ ఆర్థిక శాస్త్రం"

(4) డా. డా. బాబు నాయుడు "పేదరికం మరియు బ్రిటిష్ పాలన"



111. Who of the following Chinese pilgrims to India, gave us some information about the first Gupta ruler ?

- (1) Hsuan Tsang
- (2) Fa-hien
- (3) I-tsing
- (4) Wang Hsien Tse

112. Consider the following statements with respect to the Ashoka pillars :

- A. These pillars were monolithic.
- B. These pillars were polished.
- C. Only lion capital was used on top of these pillars.

Choose the correct answer from the codes given below.

- (1) A only
- (2) A and B
- (3) C only
- (4) All the above

113. Which of the following is not correct regarding the Caste System in Ancient India ?

- (1) There was a proliferation of castes due to growth in guilds.
- (2) The caste system became more complex with the influx of foreigners.
- (3) The caste system became more complex when tribal regions were brought under cultivation.
- (4) The caste system led to perfect social stability in ancient India.

111. ಈ ಕೆಳಗೆ ಹೆಸರಿಸಲಾದ ಚೀನಾ ಪ್ರವಾಸಿಗಳು ಭಾರತಕ್ಕೆ ಭಾರತದ ಮೊದಲ ಗುಪ್ತರಾಜರ ಬಗ್ಗೆ ಮಾಹಿತಿ ನೀಡಿದರು ?

- (1) ಹ್ಸುಯಾನ್ ತ್ಸಾಂಗ್
- (2) ಫಾ-ಹಿಯನ್
- (3) ಇ-ತ್ಸಿಂಗ್
- (4) ವಾಂಗ್ ಹ್ಸಿಯನ್ ತ್ಸೆ

112. ಅಶೋಕ ಸ್ತಂಭಗಳ ಸಂಬಂಧ ಈ ಕೆಳಗೆ ಹೆಸರಿಸಲಾದ ಹೇಳಿಕೆಗಳನ್ನು ನೋಡಿ.

- A. ಈ ಸ್ತಂಭಗಳು ಏಕರೂಪದವಾಗಿವೆ.
- B. ಸ್ತಂಭಗಳನ್ನು ಪೊಲಿಷ್ ಮಾಡಲಾಗಿದೆ.
- C. ಲಿಂಗ-ಮೂಲಕವೇ ಈ ಸ್ತಂಭಗಳ ಮೇಲೆ ಪ್ರತಿಮೆಗಳನ್ನು ಹಿಡಿಸಲಾಗಿದೆ.

ಕೆಳಗೆ ನೀಡಲಾದ ಕೋಡ್‌ಗಳಿಂದ ಸರಿಯಾದ ಉತ್ತರವನ್ನು ಆಯ್ಕೆಮಾಡಿ.

- (1) A ಮಾತ್ರ
- (2) A ಮತ್ತು B
- (3) C ಮಾತ್ರ
- (4) ಎಲ್ಲವೂ

113. ಕೆಳಗೆ ನೀಡಲಾದ ಹೇಳಿಕೆಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಯಾವುದು ಸರಿಯಲ್ಲದ್ದು ?

- (1) ವ್ಯಾಪಕ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆಯ ಕುಲಗಳ ಬೆಳವಣಿಗೆಯಿಂದ ಕುಲಗಳ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ ಹೆಚ್ಚಾಯಿತು.
- (2) ವಿದೇಶೀಯರ ಉತ್ಸಾಹದಿಂದ ಕುಲಗಳ ವ್ಯವಸ್ಥೆ ಹೆಚ್ಚು ಸಂಕೀರ್ಣವಾಯಿತು.
- (3) ಕುಲಗಳ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ ಹೆಚ್ಚಾಯಿತು ಮತ್ತು ಕುಲಗಳ ವ್ಯವಸ್ಥೆ ಹೆಚ್ಚು ಸಂಕೀರ್ಣವಾಯಿತು.
- (4) ಕುಲಗಳ ವ್ಯವಸ್ಥೆ ಸಮಾಜದ ಸ್ಥಿರತೆಗೆ ಕಾರಣವಾಯಿತು.



114. Which of the following Mahajanapads followed the 'Republican' model of polity in the era of Mahajanapads?

- A. Mallava
- B. Vajji
- C. Vatsa

Choose the correct answer from the codes given below.

- (1) A only
- (2) B only
- (3) A and B
- (4) A, B and C

115. The term 'tanaka' refers to which of the following?

- (1) Agricultural loans
- (2) A type of coin
- (3) A type of tax on sale of goods
- (4) A type of crop

116. The earliest reference of Andhradesha in foreign literature was found in the writings of

- (1) Fabien
- (2) Nicolo De Conti
- (3) Megasthenes
- (4) Marco Polo

114. ಮಹಾಜನಪದಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಯಾವವು 'ಸಂವಿಧಾನಿಕ' ರೀತಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ಆಳಲ್ಪಟ್ಟವು ?

- A. ಮಲ್ಲವ
- B. ವಜ್ಜಿ
- C. ವತ್ಸ

ಸರಿಯಾದ ಉತ್ತರವನ್ನು ಆಯ್ಕೆಮಾಡಿ.

- (1) A ಸರಿಯಾಗಿದೆ
- (2) B ಸರಿಯಾಗಿದೆ
- (3) A ಮತ್ತು B ಸರಿಯಾಗಿದೆ
- (4) A, B ಮತ್ತು C ಸರಿಯಾಗಿದೆ

115. 'ತನಕಾ' (Tanaka) ಎಂಬ ಪದವು ಏನನ್ನು ಸೂಚಿಸುತ್ತದೆ ?

- (1) ಕೃಷಿ ಸಾಲ
- (2) ಒಂದು ನಾಣ್ಯದ ರೀತಿ
- (3) ವಸ್ತುಗಳ ಮೇಲಿನ ಮಾರಾಟದ ತೆರಿಗೆ
- (4) ಒಂದು ಬೇಳೆ

116. ಆಂಧ್ರದೇಶದ ಬಗ್ಗೆ ಹೊರಗಿನ ಲೇಖನಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಯಾವವು ಅತ್ಯಂತ ಹಳೆಯದನ್ನು ನೀಡುತ್ತದೆ ?

- (1) ಫೇಬಿಯಸ್
- (2) ನಿಕೋ ಡೆ ಕಾಂಟಿ
- (3) ಮೆಗಾಸಥೀನಿಸ್
- (4) ಮಾರ್ಕೊ ಪೊಲೊ



117. Consider the following statements regarding the rule of Satavahans :

A. For administrative purposes, the empire was divided into a number of *Aharas* or *Rashtras*.

B. Salt was a state monopoly.

Of the above, the correct statements are

- (1) A only
- (2) B only
- (3) Both A and B
- (4) Neither A nor B

118. Gomake-Nallata, Paruchakra Rama, Tripura Martya Maheswara and Vallabha are the titles of who of the following ?

- (1) Chakuya Bhima
- (2) Vishnuvardhana - IV
- (3) Vijayaditya - III
- (4) Anagavaraha

119. A branch of Telugu Cholas was the family of Nellore Chodas. The first important chief in the family of Nellore Chodas was

- (1) Someshwara
- (2) Tikka
- (3) Vira Narasimha
- (4) Chola Bijjala

117. ಕರ್ನಾಟಕ ಸತವಾಹನ ಸಾಮ್ರಾಜ್ಯದ ಬಗ್ಗೆಯಲ್ಲಿ

A. ಆಡಳಿತದ ದೃಷ್ಟಿಯಿಂದ ಸಾಮ್ರಾಜ್ಯವು ಅನೇಕ *ಅಹರ* ಅಥವಾ *ರಾಷ್ಟ್ರ*ಗಳಾಗಿ ವಿಭಾಗವಾಗಿತ್ತು.

B. ಉಪ್ಪು ಸರ್ಕಾರದ ಮಾಲೀಕತ್ವದಲ್ಲಿದ್ದಿತು.

ಇವುಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಸರಿಯಾದವು ?

- (1) A ಮಾತ್ರ
- (2) B ಮಾತ್ರ
- (3) A ಮತ್ತು B
- (4) A ಮತ್ತು B ಯಾವುದೂ

118. ಗೋಮಕೇ - ನಲ್ಲತಾ, ಪರಾಚಕ್ರ ರಾಮ, ತ್ರಿಪುರಾ ಮರ್ತ್ಯಾ ಮಹೇಶ್ವರ ಮತ್ತು ವಲ್ಲಭಾ ಈ ಎಲ್ಲರೂ ಯಾವ ರಾಜನ ಹೆಸರು ?

- (1) ಚಾಳುಕ್ಯ ರಾಮ
- (2) ವಿಜಯದಿತ್ಯ - IV
- (3) ಚಾಳುಕ್ಯರಾಜ - III
- (4) ಅನಾಗವರಾಹ

119. ತೆಲುಗು ಚೋಲರು, ನೆಲ್ಲೂರ ಚೋಲರ ಕುಟುಂಬದವರಾಗಿದ್ದರು. ಈ ಕುಟುಂಬದ ಮೊದಲ ಮುಖ್ಯ ಮಂತ್ರಿಯಾದವರ ಹೆಸರು ಯಾರು ?

- (1) ಶಿಖರ
- (2) ತಿಕ್ಕಾ
- (3) ವೀರ ನರಸಿಂಹ
- (4) ಚೋಲ ಬಿಜ್ಜಾ



120. Consider the following statements :

A. Ganapati Deva was undoubtedly the greatest ruler of his dynasty. He succeeded to a large extent in restoring the political unity of the Telugu Country.

B. Ganapati Deva had two daughters Rudramadevi and Ganapadevi.

Which of the above are correct ?

(1) A only

(2) B only

(3) Both A and B

(4) Neither A nor B

121. Consider the following statements about National Register of Citizens :

A. Identification of genuine citizens in the state of Assam.

B. Those names enrolled in national register of citizens in 1951 or who are enrolled as voters as on 24th March, 1971 are eligible.

C. It was prepared according to Assam Accord 1985.

D. Parliament amended Indian Citizenship Act, 2019 accordingly.

(1) A, B, C and D

(2) B, C and D

(3) A, B and C

(4) C and D

120. ಈ ಕೆಳಕಂಡಂತಿರುವ ಹೇಳಿಕೆಗಳನ್ನು ನೋಡಿ.

A. ಗನಪತಿ ದೇವರು ಒಂದು ದೊರೆತೆಗೆ ದೊರೆತು. ಅವನು ತನ್ನ ದೊರೆತಿನಲ್ಲಿ ದೊಡ್ಡ ವಿಸ್ತರಣೆ ಮಾಡಿದನು.

B. ಗನಪತಿ ದೇವರೇ ಎರಡು ಮಗಳುಳ್ಳವರು. ರುದ್ರಮಾದೇವಿ, ಗನಪಾದೇವಿ.

ಇವುಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಯಾವವು ಸರಿಯಾಗಿವೆ ?

(1) A ಸರಿಯಿದೆ.

(2) B ಸರಿಯಿದೆ.

(3) A ಮತ್ತು B ಸರಿಯಿವೆ.

(4) A, B ಸರಿಯಿವೆ.

121. ಕೆಳಕಂಡ ಹೇಳಿಕೆಗಳನ್ನು (National Register of Citizens) ನೋಡಿ:

A. ಅಸ್ಸಮ್ನ ನಿಜವಾದವರನ್ನು ಗುರುತಿಸುವುದು.

B. ಮಾರ್ಚ್ 24, 1971 ರಲ್ಲಿ ದಾಖಲಾಗಿದ್ದವರ ಹೆಸರು ಅಥವಾ ಅವರು 1951ರಲ್ಲಿ ದಾಖಲಾಗಿದ್ದವರ ಹೆಸರು.

C. 1985-ನಲ್ಲಿ ಅಸ್ಸಮ್ನಲ್ಲಿ 1985ರ ಅಸ್ಸಮ್ ಸಂಧಿ ಪ್ರಕಾರ.

D. ಇದು 2019ರಲ್ಲಿ ಭಾರತೀಯ ನಾಗರಿಕತ್ವ ಕಾಯಿದೆ ಅನ್ನು ಅಳವಡಿಸಿತು.

(1) A, B, C ಮತ್ತು D

(2) B, C ಮತ್ತು D

(3) A, B ಮತ್ತು C

(4) C ಮತ್ತು D



122. Which of the following statement(s) is/are correct about Representation of Women in the Parliament ?

- (1) 4.4% in the 1st Lok Sabha and 14.4% in the 17th Lok Sabha
- (2) 8.9% in the Rajya Sabha in 1962 and 10.2% presently
- (3) India ranks 149th position in 2019 List of 193 World Countries ranking of Representation of Women in Parliament
- (4) All the above are correct

123. Which of the following is correct regarding creation or abolition of State Legislative Council ?

- (1) Parliament ratifies the resolution, passed by State Legislative Assembly with special majority
- (2) Parliament ratifies with special majority, the resolution passed by State Legislative Assembly with simple majority
- (3) Parliament ratifies resolution, passed by State Legislative Assembly and Legislative Council in joint sitting
- (4) Parliament ratifies the resolution, passed by State Legislative Assembly with simple majority

124. 'Equality' in the society does not include

- (1) special rights and exemptions
- (2) limitations
- (3) competition
- (4) equals are treated as equals in equal conditions

122. ಪ್ರಭುತ್ವ ಪ್ರಾತೀಕವಾಗಿ ಮಹಿಳಾ ಪ್ರತಿನಿಧ್ಯತೆ ಸಾಮಾನ್ಯವಾಗಿ ಹೊಂದಿಕೊಳ್ಳುತ್ತಿರುವುದು

- (1) ಮೊದಲ ಲೋಕಸಭಾ ಮತ್ತು 17ನೇ ಲೋಕಸಭಾ 4.4% ಮತ್ತು 14.4% ಸದಸ್ಯರನ್ನು ಹೊಂದಿರುತ್ತವೆ
- (2) ರಾಜ್ಯಸಭಾ (1962) ಪ್ರಾರಂಭದಲ್ಲಿ ಮಹಿಳಾ ಪ್ರತಿನಿಧ್ಯತೆ 8.9% ಆಗಿತ್ತು ಮತ್ತು ಪ್ರಸ್ತುತ 10.2% ಆಗಿದೆ
- (3) ಪ್ರಾತೀಕವಾಗಿ ಮಹಿಳಾ ಪ್ರತಿನಿಧ್ಯತೆ 193 ಪ್ರಪಂಚದ ದೇಶಗಳಲ್ಲಿ 2019 ರಲ್ಲಿ 149 ನೇ ಸ್ಥಾನದಲ್ಲಿರುತ್ತದೆ
- (4) ☒ ಮೇಲಿನವು ಸರಿಯಾದವು

123. ರಾಜ್ಯಸಭಾ ಸಂಸತ್ತಿನ ರಚನಾ ಬದಲಾವಣೆಯನ್ನು ಸಂಬಂಧಿಸಿದಂತೆ ಸರಿಯಾದ ಹೇಳಿಕೆಯು ಯಾವುದು ?

- (1) ರಾಜ್ಯಸಭಾ ಸಭಾ ಸಂಸತ್ತಿನ ಮೊದಲನೇ ಅಥವಾ ಎರಡನೇ ಸಭೆಯು ರಾಜ್ಯಸಭೆಯ ರಚನೆಯನ್ನು ಸಂಬಂಧಿಸಿದಂತೆ ಅನುಮೋದಿಸುತ್ತದೆ
- (2) ರಾಜ್ಯಸಭಾ ಸಭಾ ಸಂಸತ್ತಿನ ಮೊದಲನೇ ಸಭೆಯು ಅಥವಾ ಎರಡನೇ ಸಭೆಯು ರಾಜ್ಯಸಭೆಯ ರಚನೆಯನ್ನು ಸಂಬಂಧಿಸಿದಂತೆ ಅನುಮೋದಿಸುತ್ತದೆ
- (3) ರಾಜ್ಯಸಭಾ ಸಭಾ ಸಂಸತ್ತಿನ ಮೊದಲನೇ ಸಭೆಯು ಅಥವಾ ಎರಡನೇ ಸಭೆಯು ರಾಜ್ಯಸಭೆಯ ರಚನೆಯನ್ನು ಸಂಬಂಧಿಸಿದಂತೆ ಅನುಮೋದಿಸುತ್ತದೆ
- (4) ರಾಜ್ಯಸಭಾ ಸಂಸತ್ತಿನ ಮೊದಲನೇ ಅಥವಾ ಎರಡನೇ ಸಭೆಯು ರಾಜ್ಯಸಭೆಯ ರಚನೆಯನ್ನು ಸಂಬಂಧಿಸಿದಂತೆ ಅನುಮೋದಿಸುತ್ತದೆ

124. ಸಮಾನತೆ "ಸಮಾನತೆ" ಮತ್ತು ಅದರ ಅರ್ಥವು ಒಳಗೊಂಡಿರುವುದು

- (1) ☒ ಸ್ವಾತಂತ್ರ್ಯ, ಸಮಾನತೆ
- (2) ಸಮಾನತೆ
- (3) ಸ್ಪರ್ಧೆ
- (4) ಸಮಾನತೆ ಸಂಬಂಧಿಸಿದಂತೆ ಸಮಾನತೆ ಸಂಬಂಧಿಸಿದಂತೆ



125. Which of the following statements is correct ?

- (1) Every law promotes liberty
- (2) Law is a condition for liberty
- (3) More laws ensure more liberty
- (4) No relation between law and liberty

126. India's largest public sector bank is the State Bank of India. This bank was originally founded as

- (1) Bank of Oudh 1881
- (2) Bank of Calcutta 1806
- (3) Imperial Bank of India 1921
- (4) Bank of Hindustan 1770

127. Demonetisation in 2016 had many aims and objectives. According to Economic Survey Report 2017, the aims of Demonetisation were to

- A. Curb counterfeiting
- B. Encourage digital transactions
- C. Curb use of high denomination notes for terrorist activities
- D. Curb the accumulation of black money

- (1) A and D
- (2) A and B
- (3) A, C and D
- (4) B, C and D

125. ಈ ಕೆಳಗೆ ಉತ್ತರವು ಸರಿಯಾದದ್ದು ಯಾವುದು ?

- (1) ಪ್ರತಿ ನಿಯಮವು ಸ್ವಾತಂತ್ರ್ಯವನ್ನು ಪ್ರೋತ್ಸಾಹಿಸುತ್ತದೆ
- (2) ನಿಯಮವು ಸ್ವಾತಂತ್ರ್ಯದ ಷರತ್ತು
- (3) ಹೆಚ್ಚಿನ ನಿಯಮಗಳು ಹೆಚ್ಚಿನ ಸ್ವಾತಂತ್ರ್ಯವನ್ನು ಖಚಿತಪಡಿಸುತ್ತವೆ
- (4) ನಿಯಮ ಮತ್ತು ಸ್ವಾತಂತ್ರ್ಯದ ನಡುವೆ ಯಾವುದೇ ಸಂಬಂಧವಿಲ್ಲ

126. ಭಾರತದ ಅತ್ಯಂತ ದೊಡ್ಡ ಸಾರ್ವಜನಿಕ ವ್ಯಾಪಾರ ಬ್ಯಾಂಕ್ ಸ್ಟೇಟ್ ಬ್ಯಾಂಕ್ ಆಫ್ ಇಂಡಿಯಾ. ಈ ಬ್ಯಾಂಕ್ ಮೂಲತಃ ಏನಾಗಿ ಸ್ಥಾಪಿಸಲಾಯಿತು ?

- (1) ಬ್ಯಾಂಕ್ ಆಫ್ ಔದ್ಧ 1881
- (2) ಬ್ಯಾಂಕ್ ಆಫ್ ಕಲ್ಕತ್ತಾ 1806
- (3) ಇಂಡಿಯಾನ್ ಬ್ಯಾಂಕ್ ಆಫ್ ಇಂಡಿಯಾ 1921
- (4) ಬ್ಯಾಂಕ್ ಆಫ್ ಹಿಂದುಸ್ತಾನ್ 1770

127. ₹ 500 ರೂಪಾಯಿ ನೋಟುಗಳನ್ನು 2016 ರಲ್ಲಿ ರದ್ದುಪಡಿಸುವುದರ ಮೂಲಕ ದೇಶದಲ್ಲಿ ನಡೆಸಲಾದ ಡಿಮಾನ್ಟೇಷನ್ ಕಾರ್ಯಕ್ರಮವು ಹಲವಾರು ಉದ್ದೇಶಗಳನ್ನು ಹೊಂದಿತ್ತು. 2017 ರ ಆರ್ಥಿಕ ಸರ್ವೇಕ್ಷಣೆ ವರದಿಯ ಪ್ರಕಾರ, ಡಿಮಾನ್ಟೇಷನ್ ಕಾರ್ಯಕ್ರಮದ ಉದ್ದೇಶವು ಏನಾಗಿತ್ತು ?

- A. ಕೃತ್ರಿಮ ನೋಟುಗಳನ್ನು ತಡೆಗಟ್ಟುವುದು
- B. ಡಿಜಿಟಲ್ ವ್ಯವಹಾರಗಳನ್ನು ಪ್ರೋತ್ಸಾಹಿಸುವುದು
- C. ತೀವ್ರತರಗತಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ದೇಶದ ಒಳಗಡೆಯಲ್ಲಿ ಟರ್ರೆಸ್ಟ್ ಉದ್ದೇಶಗಳಿಗಾಗಿ ಹಣವನ್ನು ಸಂಗ್ರಹಿಸುವುದನ್ನು ತಡೆಗಟ್ಟುವುದು
- D. ಹಣದ ಸಂಗ್ರಹಣೆಯನ್ನು ತಡೆಗಟ್ಟುವುದು

- (1) A ಮತ್ತು D
- (2) A ಮತ್ತು B
- (3) A, C ಮತ್ತು D
- (4) B, C ಮತ್ತು D



128. Goods and service tax was first mentioned in the budget of the year

- (1) 2010 - 11
- (2) 2007 - 08
- (3) 2017 - 18
- (4) 2016 - 17

129. With reference to the Indian Economy, who of the following coined the term "Hindu Rate of Growth"?

- (1) B. F. R. Vittal
- (2) Raj Krishna
- (3) V. K. R. V. Rao
- (4) Y. V. Reddy

130. "Aarogya Setu App" was launched by Government of India on April 2020. This App was developed by

- (1) Indian Medical Health Association
- (2) National Information Centre
- (3) International Committee on Taxonomy of Viruses
- (4) World Health Organisation

128. వస్తు సేవ పన్ను గురించి బడ్జెట్‌లో ఏ సంవత్సరం ప్రస్తావించారు ?

- (1) 2010 - 11
- (2) 2007 - 08
- (3) 2017 - 18
- (4) 2016 - 17

129. భారత వర్ణ విధి సందర్భంలో "హిందూ రేట్ ఆఫ్ గ్రోత్" అనే పదాన్ని ప్రయోగించిన వారు ?

- (1) బి.ఎఫ్.ఆర్.విటల్
- (2) రాజ్ కృష్ణ
- (3) వి.కె.ఆర్.వి.రావు
- (4) యె.వి.రెడ్డి

130. ఆరోగ్య సేతు యాప్‌ను భారత ప్రభుత్వం ఏప్రిల్ 2020 లో ప్రారంభించింది. దీనిని తయారుచేసిన వారు ?

- (1) భారత వైద్య సంఘం
- (2) జాతీయ సమాచార కేంద్రం
- (3) అంతర్జాతీయ వైరస్ తాత్వ శాస్త్ర అధ్యయన సంఘం
- (4) ప్రపంచ ఆరోగ్య సంస్థ

131. Social Movements involve collective action by the people. However, every form of collective action cannot be called as a Social Movement. In the above context, which of the following are the features necessary for any movement to qualify as a Social Movement?

- A. They should be a small group where people can interact.
- B. It should be a collective action of a fairly large group.
- C. The collective attempt is designed to promote change or resist change in society.
- D. It should be a group which is formed quickly and spontaneously.

- (D) A and C
(E) A, B and D
(F) B and C
(G) C and D

182. Neonatal mortality refers to

- (1) When a baby dies after it has survived beyond one year but dies before the second year is completed
- (2) When a baby dies within the first four weeks of life
- (3) When a baby dies after it has survived beyond four weeks but before the first year is completed
- (4) When a baby is stillborn (born without any signs of life)

131. ವಿವಿಧ ಹಿರಿಯರಾದ ವ್ಯಕ್ತಿಗಳು ಹಿರಿಯರಾದ ವ್ಯಕ್ತಿಗಳನ್ನು
ಅಭ್ಯಾಸಿಸಿ, ಅವರನ್ನು ಪ್ರತಿ ಹಿರಿಯರಾದ ವ್ಯಕ್ತಿ ಹಿರಿಯರಾದ
ವ್ಯಕ್ತಿಗಳಾಗಿ ಮಾಡಿ, ಪ್ರತಿ ಹಿರಿಯರಾದ ವ್ಯಕ್ತಿಗಳನ್ನು ಹಿರಿಯರಾದ
ವ್ಯಕ್ತಿಗಳಾದ ವ್ಯಕ್ತಿಗಳನ್ನು ಅಭ್ಯಾಸಿಸಿ ವ್ಯಕ್ತಿಗಳಾದ ವ್ಯಕ್ತಿಗಳಾದ
ವ್ಯಕ್ತಿಗಳಾದ ವ್ಯಕ್ತಿಗಳಾದ ವ್ಯಕ್ತಿಗಳಾದ ವ್ಯಕ್ತಿಗಳಾದ ವ್ಯಕ್ತಿಗಳಾದ

- A. ಕೂಡು ಬೆಳೆಗಳ ಬೆಳೆಗಾರಿಕೆ ಹೆಚ್ಚು ಆಗಿರುತ್ತದೆ.
- B. ಬೆಳೆಗಾರಿಕೆಯಲ್ಲಿ ಹೆಚ್ಚು ಬೆಳೆಗಳ ಬೆಳೆಗಾರಿಕೆ ಆಗುತ್ತದೆ.
- C. ಬೆಳೆಗಾರಿಕೆ ಸ್ಥಳೀಯ ಮಟ್ಟದಲ್ಲಿ ಹೆಚ್ಚು ಬೆಳೆಗಾರಿಕೆ ಆಗುತ್ತದೆ.
- D. ಬೆಳೆಗಾರಿಕೆ ಹೆಚ್ಚು ಬೆಳೆಗಾರಿಕೆ ಆಗುತ್ತದೆ.

- (2) A, B, C, D

12. ~~Answer: none of the answers.~~

- (1) పుట్టిన తర్వాత ఒక సంవత్సరంలోపు పనికి
ఉండి మిగిలిన సంవత్సరాల పూర్తి అభ్యర్థిగా
మారుతుంది.
- (2) పూర్తి వాహన వారాని కోసం మారుతుంది.
- (3) పూర్తిపైపుల మిగిలిన వాహన వారాని పంపి
ఉండి ఒక సంవత్సరం కోసం మారుతుంది.
- (4) మృత శిశువుగా అభ్యర్థిస్తాడు.



113. In the sociological context, which of the following correctly depicts the difference between 'Sex' and 'Gender' ?

- Sex refers to societal differences, whereas gender refers to psychological difference
- Sex refers to biological difference, while gender refers to social difference assigned to sex
- Sex refers to social differences, whereas gender refers to biological difference
- Sex refers to socio-psychological difference, whereas gender refers to sociological difference

134. Which of the following are the current targets set under the Accessible India Campaign ?

- 50% of all Government buildings in the country to be made fully accessible for the disabled by July 2018.
- 50% of all public documents issued by the Central and State Governments to be made disabled friendly by March 2018.
- 10% of Government owned public transport to be converted into fully accessible carriers for disabled by March 2018.

- A, B and C
- B and C
- A and C
- A and B

113. ಸಾಮಾಜಿಕ ಸಂದರ್ಭದಲ್ಲಿ 'ಲಿಂಗ' (Sex) ಮತ್ತು 'ಲಿಂಗತ್ವ' (Gender) ನಡುವಿನ ವ್ಯತ್ಯಾಸವನ್ನು ಯಾವುದು ಸರಿಯಾಗಿ ಚಿತ್ರಿಸುತ್ತದೆ ?

- ಲಿಂಗತ್ವವು ಸಾಮಾಜಿಕ ವ್ಯತ್ಯಾಸವನ್ನು ಸೂಚಿಸುತ್ತದೆ, ಆದರೆ ಲಿಂಗವು ಮಾನಸಿಕ ವ್ಯತ್ಯಾಸವನ್ನು ಸೂಚಿಸುತ್ತದೆ
- ಲಿಂಗವು ಜೀವವೈಜ್ಞಾನಿಕ ವ್ಯತ್ಯಾಸವನ್ನು ಸೂಚಿಸುತ್ತದೆ, ಆದರೆ ಲಿಂಗತ್ವವು ಲಿಂಗಕ್ಕೆ ಸಂಬಂಧಿಸಿದ ಸಾಮಾಜಿಕ ವ್ಯತ್ಯಾಸವನ್ನು ಸೂಚಿಸುತ್ತದೆ
- ಲಿಂಗವು ಸಾಮಾಜಿಕ ವ್ಯತ್ಯಾಸವನ್ನು ಸೂಚಿಸುತ್ತದೆ, ಆದರೆ ಲಿಂಗತ್ವವು ಜೀವವೈಜ್ಞಾನಿಕ ವ್ಯತ್ಯಾಸವನ್ನು ಸೂಚಿಸುತ್ತದೆ
- ಲಿಂಗವು ಸಾಮಾಜಿಕ-ಮಾನಸಿಕ ವ್ಯತ್ಯಾಸವನ್ನು ಸೂಚಿಸುತ್ತದೆ, ಆದರೆ ಲಿಂಗತ್ವವು ಸಾಮಾಜಿಕ ವ್ಯತ್ಯಾಸವನ್ನು ಸೂಚಿಸುತ್ತದೆ

134. "ಆವೇಶ್ಯಕ ಭಾರತ" ಅಡಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ಹೆಚ್ಚಿನ ಯಾವುದೇ ಉದ್ದೇಶವನ್ನು ಹೊಂದಿರುತ್ತದೆ ?

- 2018 ರ ಜುಲೈ 1 ರವರೆಗೆ 50% ಸರ್ಕಾರೀ ಕಟ್ಟಡಗಳನ್ನು ಅಸಮರ್ಥರವರಿಗೆ ಸುಲಭಗೊಳಿಸುವುದು
- 2018 ರ ಮಾರ್ಚ್ 1 ರವರೆಗೆ 50% ಸರ್ಕಾರೀ ದಾಖಲೆಗಳನ್ನು ಅಸಮರ್ಥರವರಿಗೆ ಸುಲಭಗೊಳಿಸುವುದು
- 2018 ರ ಮಾರ್ಚ್ 1 ರವರೆಗೆ 10% ಸರ್ಕಾರೀ ಸಾರ್ವಜನಿಕ ಸಾರಾಂಶಗಳನ್ನು ಅಸಮರ್ಥರವರಿಗೆ ಸುಲಭಗೊಳಿಸುವುದು

- A, B ಮತ್ತು C
- B ಮತ್ತು C
- A ಮತ್ತು C
- A ಮತ್ತು B

135. The "Vishkha" case relates to

- (1) Employment of Child Labour in hazardous industries
- (2) Sexual Harassment as denial of the right to work for Women
- (3) Equal Opportunities for Transgender in Employment
- (4) Rehabilitation of bar dancers after the ban on bar dancers in Mumbai

136. Which Article of the Constitution specifically provides for a National Commission for the Scheduled Tribes ?

- (1) 342
- (2) 330
- (3) 338
- (4) 338 A

137. Which of the following rivers is not an interstate river between Andhra Pradesh and Odisha ?

- (1) Mahabadi River
- (2) Mahabadi Tamra River
- (3) Vamsadhara River
- (4) Palar River

138. Which one of the following is the oldest mountain range in India ?

- (1) Himalayas
- (2) Aravalli
- (3) Satpura
- (4) Nilgiri

139. In which one of the following Island of India is an active volcano found ?

- (1) Car Nicobar Island
- (2) Nancowry Island
- (3) Barren Island
- (4) Maya Bunder Island

135. "విష్కా" కేసు సంబంధించి ?

- (1) ప్రమాదకర పరిస్థితులలో పని చేసే పిల్లల నిషేధం
- (2) మహిళలకు పని చేసే హక్కు నిషేధం, పని నిషేధించే నిషేధం
- (3) పురుషులకు (హోం మార్కెట్) పనిలో మహిళలకు సమాన అవకాశం
- (4) ముంబైలో బార్ డాన్సర్ల నిషేధం తర్వాత వారిని పునరావస్థాపించే నిషేధం

136. ఏ ఆర్టికల్ ఆఫ్ ది కాన్స్టిట్యూషన్ ప్రోవిడ్స్ ఫర్ ఏ నేషనల్ కామిషన్ ఫర్ ది షెడ్యూల్డ్ ట్రిబెస్ ?

- (1) 342
- (2) 330
- (3) 338
- (4) 338 A

137. కింది మధ్యమధ్య ప్రాంతాలలో ఏది ఆంధ్రప్రదేశ్ మరియు ఒడిషా మధ్య ఉంది ?

- (1) మహాబతి నది
- (2) మహాబతి తామర నది
- (3) వామదారా నది
- (4) పాల నది

138. కింది ఏది భారతదేశంలోని అత్యంత పురాతన పర్వత శ్రేణి ?

- (1) హిమాలయా
- (2) అరవల్లి
- (3) సాతపూర్
- (4) నిల్గిరి

139. భారతదేశంలోని ఏ ద్వీపకల్పం భారతదేశంలోని ఏదైనా అధికార పర్వత శ్రేణి ?

- (1) కార్ నికోబర్ ద్వీపం
- (2) నాన్కొరీ ద్వీపం
- (3) బర్రెన్ ద్వీపం
- (4) మాయా బండర్ ద్వీపం



140. Structurally, the Meghalaya region is a part of

- (1) Shivalik Range
- (2) Deccan Plateau
- (3) Greater Himalaya
- (4) Aravalli Range

141. The famous summer resort 'Horsely Hills' in Andhra Pradesh is situated in

- (1) Chittoor (Kadapa)
- (2) Atmakuru (Kurru)
- (3) Puttaparthi (Anantapur)
- (4) Madanapalle (Chittoor)

142. The district of the State that has the region in which lowest temperature is recorded?

- (1) Chittoor
- (2) Anantapur
- (3) East Godavari
- (4) Visakhapatnam

143. The soils that are found in Andhra Pradesh are

- (1) Red soils
- (2) Black soils
- (3) Laterite and Alluvial soils
- (4) All the above

144. The biggest forests throughout the State of Andhra Pradesh

- (1) Simhalachalam forests
- (2) Koranga forests
- (3) Seshachalam forests
- (4) Nallamala forests

140. పాల్వనాంధ్ర ప్రాంతం భౌతిక పరంగా భాగం ?

- (1) శివాలిక్ పర్వత
- (2) డెక్కన్ ప్లేటో
- (3) గ్రేటర్ హిమాలయ
- (4) అరవలీ పర్వత

141. ప్రఖ్యాత వేసవి విరేచనం 'హోర్సలీ హిల్స్' ఆంధ్రప్రదేశ్ లో ఉంది ?

- (1) చిత్తూరు (కడప)
- (2) అత్మకూరు (కర్నూలు)
- (3) పుట్టపర్తి (అనంతపురం)
- (4) మదనపల్లి (చిత్తూరు)

142. రాష్ట్రంలో ఏ జిల్లా ఏ ప్రాంతంలో అతి తక్కువ ఉష్ణోగ్రత నమోదయింది ?

- (1) చిత్తూరు
- (2) అనంతపురం
- (3) తూర్పు గోదావరి
- (4) విశాఖపట్నం

143. రాష్ట్రంలో ఏ రకపు మట్టి ఉన్నాయి ?

- (1) ఎర్ర మట్టి
- (2) నల్ల మట్టి
- (3) లాటైట్, అల్లూవియల్ మట్టి
- (4) పుట్టపర్తి-అల్లూవియల్ మట్టి

144. రాష్ట్రంలో అతి పెద్ద అడవులు

- (1) సింహచలం అడవులు
- (2) కొరంగా అడవులు
- (3) శివచలం అడవులు
- (4) నల్లమల అడవులు



3145. The traditional sports of Andhra Pradesh, along with entertainment also had elements that "were useful for psychological blossoming and learning the co-habitation with nature". Match the sport with the appropriate skill that it taught.

List - I	List - II
A. Kothikommachi	1. Explains in a philosophical way the course of life
B. Kabaddi	2. Enhances Logical Capacity and Analytical Skills
C. Palijodam	3. Co-habitation with nature
D. Vaikunthapalli	4. Improves physical fitness and fighting capacity

- (1) A - 3, B - 4, C - 1, D - 2
 (2) A - 1, B - 4, C - 3, D - 2
 (3) A - 3, B - 4, C - 2, D - 1
 (4) A - 2, B - 3, C - 1, D - 4

3-

146. Andhra had a number of eminent musicians. Who of the following was popularly known as the Doctor singer of Kurnool?

- (1) M. Bala Murali Krishna
 (2) Netheruri Krishnamurti
 (3) Sripatha Pinakapani
 (4) Dwararam Venkata Sankar Naidu

145. ఆంధ్రప్రదేశ్ పరిపరమ అలం దేవదత్ పానం, మరల పరిపరమ, ధృవదత్ మునుంద శ్మరమం జీవ శ్మరమం అలం, వల మునుంద ప్రవరమం ప- మృవరమం మ- అమరమం.

శ్మ - I

శ్మ - II

A. పరిపరమ	1. జీవ శ్మరమం
B. మృ	2. అమరమం
C. మరల	3. ధృవదత్
D. ప్రవరమం	4. అలం శ్మరమం

- (1) A - 3, B - 4, C - 1, D - 2
 (2) A - 1, B - 4, C - 3, D - 2
 (3) A - 3, B - 4, C - 2, D - 1
 (4) A - 2, B - 3, C - 1, D - 4

146. ఆంధ్ర దేవ దత్ మునుంద శ్మరమం మరల పరిపరమ శ్మరమం. ప- మృవరమం మ- అమరమం.

- (1) జీవ శ్మరమం
 (2) అమర శ్మరమం
 (3) ధృవదత్
 (4) అలం శ్మరమం



147. After the Re-organization of Andhra Pradesh, the Committee that was appointed to consider the location of the capital was

- (1) Siva Ramakrishnan Committee
- (2) Sri Krishna Committee
- (3) Chidambaram Committee
- (4) Siva Raj Patil Committee

148. Which of the following is correct with reference to Dr. Y.S.R. Arappari Scheme?

- (1) The scheme provides financial assistance to BPL families to meet the catastrophic health needs
- (2) The scheme provides coverage up to ₹ 5 lakhs for each family per year
- (3) It is implemented by the government of Andhra Pradesh through Dr. Y.S.R. Arogya health care trust
- (4) All of the above

149. The song "Miss Telugutaliki, Motherland" was written by

- (1) Devulapalli Krishnaswamy
(2) Curran Jhastray
(3) C. R. Reddy
(4) Sankarabadi Sankarabadi

159. The Government is making an attempt to bring innovation, technology, enterprises and efficient management together at the core of policy formulation and implementation. This attempt is outlined and reflected in which of the following documents?

- (1) Economic Survey Report
- (2) Strategy for New India@75 by NITI Aayog
- (3) Economic Outlook by Economic Advisory Council
- (4) National Knowledge Commission Report

147. Explain any two ways when the gas is not ideal?

- (1) கார்ப்புரேஷன்
(2) டிரஸ்ட்
(3) பிபிசி
(4) ஸ்டேட்-ஓவர்ட்

Fig. 1. γ -rays with $E_{\gamma} = 2.04$ MeV absorbed in the ^{238}U sample.

- [illegible]

118. www.ck12.org/Book-Search/Book-Search.aspx?Q=118

- (1) සමස්ත ප්‍රතිචාරය
(2) ප්‍රතිචාරය
(3) ප්‍රතිචාරය
(4) ප්‍රතිචාරය

[illegible]

- (3) ಪ್ರಸ್ತಾವನೆಗೆ ಪ್ರತಿ 1000 ರೂ. 1000000